



Get Your JOB PRINT-  
ING done at the  
Chinook Advance Office

# The Chinook Advance

SUBSCRIBE FOR  
CHINOOK ADVANCE  
\$1.50 per Year

Vol 12. No-19

Chinook, Alberta, Thursday, September 1, 1927

Subscription \$1.50 per year, in advance

## Car Load of Fruit

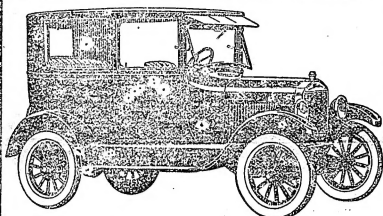
To Arrive in  
**CHINOOK**  
About September 14.

JUST ARRIVED A SHIPMENT OF  
**CROCKERY**  
MAKING OUR STOCK COMPLETE.

Try Oven-kist Biscuits 10c. Box.

## Acadia Produce Co.

Quality—Economy—Service  
C. W. RIDGOUT GEO. E. AITKEN  
CHINOOK ALTA



### Price of New Ford Cars and Tractors

FORD TOURING	\$695.00
FORD SEDAN	\$762.00
FORD COUPE	\$746.00
FORDSON TRACTOR	\$632.00
" TRACTOR, complete with Pulley and Governor	\$678.00
TRUCK CHASSIS	\$507.00

(Above prices f. o. b. Chinook.)

## The Service Garage

COOLEY BROS., Props.  
CHINOOK Phone 10 ALTA.

## School Books

### Get Your School Supplies Here

We have a complete stock of everything you will need for School Opening. Quality with Price.

Ink and Pencil Scribbles, 5c each, 50c dozen, 40 pages.  
Red and Green Exercise Books 10c each, 6 for 50c  
Note Books 5 and 10c each. Real Eversharp Pencils 50c each  
Drawing Pads 5 and 10c each. Jabkie Coogan tan Fountain pen 50c each.  
Reliance Blue and Black Ink 10c. Also Guaranteed Fountain Pens for \$1.00  
Pencils 5c each, 50c doz., Faber  
Rulers 5 and 10c each, Steel edge.  
Crayons 5 and 10c each, all colors.  
Ink and Pencil Erasers 5c each, S. & T. and Pliable.  
Paint Brushes, 5 and 10c each.  
Pneumatic Penholders 10 cents each.

Also Geometry Sets, Mucilage, Pencil Boxes, Paints, Drawing Pencils, India Ink, Red Ink, Slate Pencils, Slates, Pencil Sharpeners, Protractors, Paint Refills. A splendid assortment of Pen nibs.

Waterman's Scholar Fountain Pens \$2.75

See our Window - - See Our Display  
Come in and look them over.

## E. E. JACQUES

DRUGGIST

CHINOOK

### LOCAL ITEMS

Mrs. S. Y. Hoppin will be at Hurley's store in Chinook on Tuesday, September 6, with a complete line of Ladies, Misses and Children's Hats.

O. B. Elliott was a visitor in Calgary on Sunday.

A. E. McArthur, of Calgary, General Superintendent of the Western Canada Flour Mills, Ltd., was a visitor in Chinook last Saturday.

The regular meeting of the Chinook Women's Institute will be held at the home of Mrs. B. Dobson on Wednesday afternoon, September 7, at 2.30. Members are requested to bring a friend.

Douglas Smith left on Saturday for Carstairs, where he will visit his sister.

Miss Thomas, of Okotoks, is now the teacher at the Laughlin school.

Your kind co-operation in the past has enabled us to have a Bigger and Better than ever stock of School Supplies for the coming season. A repetition of your past business will be much appreciated. —E. E. Jacques, Druggist.

Miss Annie Clipsham, who has been spending the summer holidays visiting at the home of her brother-in-law and sister, Mr. and Mrs. W. Switzer, left on Saturday for her home in Calgary.

Mrs. George Yeats, of Calgary, who has been visiting relatives in Chinook district, returned on Saturday.

WANTED—To purchase a good milk cow. R. Vanhook, Chinook.

E. B. Allen, of Heathdale district, realizes the value of trees on a farm. Mr. Allen has planted 2,200 trees around his farm home this summer.

John Howton, who has been visiting at the home of his sister, Mrs. Wm. McGaffin, of Carstairs, returned on Saturday.

Miss Margaret Parsons, who has been spending the summer holidays with her parents at Cereal, returned to Calgary on Tuesday where she will resume her studies at school. During the holidays Miss Parsons received word that she had passed with honors the Intermediate examination of the Royal Academy of Music.

The Ladies of Chinook are cordially invited to attend the Millinery Display at Sterling's Store, Youngstown, on Wednesday, September 7.

Leslie Milligan returned on Saturday from a holiday in the Ponoka district.

Mrs. J. W. Lawrence returned on Sunday morning from Kingsley, Iowa, where she has been visiting relatives.

R. W. McClung, of Calgary, branch manager for the Manufacturers Life Insurance Company was a visitor in Chinook this week.

Any one having an account against the Chinook Baseball Club please send same in at once to R. Morrison, Secretary-Treasurer.

Cooley Brothers unloaded another car load of Fordson tractors this week. All but two of these tractors were sold before unloading them. Cooley Bros., have disposed of seventeen Fordson tractors in the Chinook district this year.

The Chinook school re-opened to-day for the fall term. The teaching staff are W. Korek, principal; W. Steckle, grades 6, 7 and 8; Mrs. M. Vanstone, 3, 4 and 5; and Mrs. W. Steckle the junior grades.

W. E. Brownell, who has been on a visit to Calgary and Bellevue, returned on Tuesday morning.

William Robert Gilbertson, the eleven-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Gilbertson, was taken to Cereal Hospital on Sunday, where he was operated upon for appendicitis. At the time of going to press the little fellow was progressing as well as could be expected.

Harry James, of Vancouver, arrived in Chinook on Tuesday, and will help with the harvesting of the crop on the Aitken farm.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Trogen, of Portland, Oregon, are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George Trogen, of Coliholme district.

A service will be held in the Chinook United Church next Sunday evening, September 4, at 7.30. Everybody is cordially invited to attend.

Charley Bennett is spending a vacation in Calgary this week.

W. Thorn, of Moose Jaw, general manager of the Imperial Lumber Yards, was a business visitor in Chinook on Friday.

Most of the farmers in the Chinook district have commenced cutting operations, and by the end of the week harvest will be in full swing.

Anthony Peyton, who has been visiting at the home of his brother, R. Peyton for the past three weeks, returned to Esteline, South Dakota, on Tuesday.

John Duncan recently purchased an International tractor.

Miss Marion Butts, who has been visiting relatives here, left on Wednesday for Calgary en route for Minneapolis, Minn.

A number of Chinook people attended the circus at Youngstown on Tuesday.

Miss Florence Walczak, who has been spending a holiday with her parents at Rearville, returned to Calgary this week.

See our display of Ladies' Hats for fall and winter.—Acadia Produce Company, Chinook.

Mrs. H. Dunster returned this morning from Maple Grove, Nova Scotia, where she has been spending the past six months.

## Harvest Wants

WE HAVE PUT IN HEAVY STOCKS IN ALL LINES  
SO THAT YOU CAN GET WHAT YOU  
NEED QUICKLY.

MEN'S AND BOY'S SHIRTS, OVERALLS,  
COMBINATIONS, UNDERWEAR, SOCKS  
GLOVES, SHOES, BLANKETS, SHEETS,  
SHEETING, HOUSE DRESSES, APRONS,  
GINGHAMS, Etc.

WE ARE PREPARED TO FILL ALL

### Harvest Requirements in GROCERIES

Mrs. S. Y. Hoppin will be at the Store  
on Tuesday, September 6th, with a full line  
of Millinery.

## HURLEY'S

CHINOOK

ALBERTA

### PRICE LIST

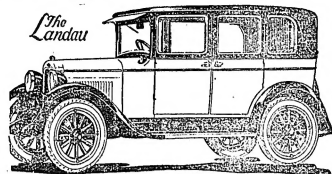
Gentlemen		Ladies	
Haircut	50c	Haircut, any style	50c
Shave	25c	Shingle Trim	25c
Facial Massage, Bonella	75c	Neck Trim	10c
" " Myrza	50c	Facial Massage, Bonella	75c
Shampoo	50c	" " Myrza	50c
Hair Tonic	15c	Shampoo	50c
Boy's Haircut, 15 years and under	35c	Girl's Haircut, 15 years and under	35c

### Chinook Barber Shop

Prompt and Courteous Service.

H. W. Butts,

Prop.



WE ARE APPOINTED DEALERS FOR THE  
**Pontiac and Buick Cars**  
Or any of the General Motors Lines.

THESE CARS ARE NOW ON DISPLAY AT

JOHNSON'S GARAGE, OYEN, or See  
**C. V. JOHNSON**  
Dealer for Chevrolet Cars, CEREAL, ALBERTA

- Buy Advertised Goods -

### HARVEST SUPPLIES

AXLE GREASE, CUP GREASE, HARD OIL, BINDER  
WHIPS, CANVAS SLATS, STAPLES, RIVETS, AND  
DUCK BY THE YARD. We Repair Binder Canvas.

SHOES, GLOVES, SOCKS,  
LEATHER LACES, DUBBINS, ETC.

### CHINOOK HARNESS SHOP

S. H. Smith, Prop.

Over 30 years the same good tea.  
Now packed in **Aluminum.**

# RED ROSE TEA "is good tea"

RED ROSE ORANGE PEKOE is extra good.

## Annual Invasion Of the West

The prairie provinces of Western Canada are now rejoicing in the invasion to which they are subjected once a year. Not many countries find it a matter for congratulation to be invaded by an army of tens of thousands of husky men who, after a few months, depart taking substantial sums of money with them. But the West rejoices, extends a warm welcome, and holds out the hand of friendship to these men because it is a peevish army of constructive laborers without whose help the West would suffer immense loss.

The coming of this army of harvesters is always an important event. It signifies the last stage of work in connection with the gathering of the crops which the Western farmer has expended so much labor and has followed with alternate hopes and fears through all the vicissitudes of plowing, harrowing, seeding, lack or over abundance of rain, hail, winds, and numerous plant pests. This army has come to assist him in finally reaping the reward of his labor and hours of anxiety. The hum of the binder, the transformation of the fields of rippling grain into streak dotted yellow prairie, and the rattle and roar of the threshing outfit is music in the farmer's ears, and a picture upon which he is never tired of looking.

The advance guard of the harvester army came from British Columbia, with a sprinkling from the British Isles; then the long trains bringing their quota from the far distant Maritime; finally the main army from Ontario and Quebec. Many of these men are veterans who served in previous years' campaigns against the standing grain, but, undoubtedly, the larger number are young recruits, who will see and experience life in the prairie West for the first time. Thousands of them are exactly the type this Western country wants as permanent settlers. Indeed, all over the West are to be found among the most successful farmers men who first came as harvester hands, men who with their families are now making a great contribution to the growth, development and prosperity of this portion of the Dominion.

In welcoming this year's harvester army and putting it to work, the resident farmers of Western Canada should do what lies in their power to make living conditions as comfortable for the men as possible. Most men do not mind things a bit crude and rough provided they are clean. Long hours and hard work in the field, not only for the wages paid, but good food and lots of it and a comfortable bed on which to lie at night. The provision of such things means contented workers, it as fiddlers, who are willing and capable of rendering maximum results during working hours.

The people of the West should strive, not to coddle the members of the harvester army, but to make converts of them to the glories of the West, the advantages and opportunities it has to offer. The West wants as many as possible to remain as permanent settlers, but it is equally important to the future of this country that those who return home do so with nothing but words of praise for the country and of the fair treatment and hospitality accorded them.

And the harvesters themselves should not be hasty in jumping to conclusions when conditions do not wholly appeal to them. They must realize that this is a period of stress, when straining efforts to the breaking point is necessary, and where, in many cases, it is financially and economically impossible to make as complete preparation in some respects as might be desired. The harvesters should study the country, try to enter into its spirit and make the most of its possibilities with a view to deciding whether it would be to their advantage to throw in their lot with those who have done the pioneer work.

There is still room and opportunity for pioneers—lots of them. Rewards are still in store for the man, even of small means, who has initiative and energy and is prepared to throw his whole vigor into the task of creating a new and better home for himself. To all such the West beckons and says "Welcome." Return to your homes, if you must, but do not forget the West, and come back again as soon as you can.

### Railways vs. Roads

A hundred years ago the railways killed the roads. It would be a sort of poetic justice but it would entail colossal losses to the community if the roads were now to cripple the railways. There is no real danger of that. In speed, in security, in cheapness and convenience the railways have immense advantages. If only for a long time as a museum piece they will push them home. They are at least beginning to do so.

Even in the days of the inquisition they never locked the victim in a room and compelled him to listen to hours of piano practice.

Look out for the man who looks out for himself.

Red is the color of good fortune among the Chinese.

### Exhibiting Historic Table

The simple table on which the czar signed his abdication ten years ago has just been placed on exhibition in the Alexander palace. It was in the czar's private railroad car as it stood at the Pashoff station cut off from Petrograd by the raging revolution. The private car, which stood intact for a long time as a museum piece, has been put back on the railway service.

During the past 100 years the population of the world has increased from less than 1,000,000,000 to about 1,700,000,000.

Many a fly might escape swatting if he wouldn't buzz.

Some people find it easier to please others than to please themselves.

## CHILDREN CRY FOR Fletcher's CASTORIA



MOTHER:—Fletcher's Castoria is a pleasant, harmless Substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Teething Drops and Soothing Syrups, especially prepared for Infants in arms and Children all ages.

To avoid imitations, always look for the signature of *Wm. A. Fletcher*.  
Proven directions on each package. Physicians everywhere recommend it.

### Empire Party Will Visit All Provinces

Members of Parliamentary Association To See Canada Next Year.  
Members of the Empire Parliamentary Association next year will make their first official visit to Canada. All the nine provinces will be visited during the five or six weeks of their stay in the Dominion in September and October, 1928. The Canadian branch in extending the invitation expressed a desire to afford an opportunity for the delegates to investigate the resources and institutions of the Dominion; to promote mutual personal acquaintance and friendship among the members of the various parliaments; and to interchange views at informal conferences.

### Touchy Corns Relieved By Marvel Liquid

Instantly the acute stage—the pain goes away,—that is the immediate effect of Putnam's Corn Extractor. Pain, the corn or callosities with "Putnam's", and the corn will shrivel up. After a few applications of "Putnam's" the corn will drop out. No pain, no disappointment. "Putnam's" does the work—a sure pop corn remover. Get a bottle from any drug store. Refuse a substitute.

### Bells Out Of Tune

Three Bells Of Carillon At Ottawa To Be Replaced

Three bells in the carillon which peals forth from the Victoria Tower of the Parliament Buildings here are out of tune and will be replaced. It is stated by the department of public works. Steps for the replacement are now being taken.

They are among the small bells in the great collection which forms the carillon. The tone of a bell, it is stated, may be affected by even a slight slip in polishing.

### LIFE WAS A BURDEN

Restored To Health Through the Use Of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills

"It is a pleasure," says Mrs. Ross, of Victoria, B.C., "to tell you of the new health and strength I got through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Before taking the pills life was a burden to me. I was badly run down that I did not know what to do. My blood seemed to have turned to water, I was very pale, constantly tired, and was losing flesh. I was a trial to attempt housework. Added to this I had a bad cough and my husband and friends thought I was going into consumption. The medical treatment I was taking did not appear to do me any good, and I had almost given up hope when a friend urged me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I got six boxes and found my health improved. I was able to get six more boxes. Before these were taken I was a new woman restored again to good health. I gained in weight, the cough left me, my appetite returned and I once more had a good color. Better still, I was able to do my housework without fatigue. Needless to say I always recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to ailing friends, and I hope this will be the means of pointing the road to good health to some other sufferer."

Try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for anemic, rheumatic, nervous debility, weakness. "Take them as a tonic if you are not in the best physical condition and cultivate a resistance that will keep you well and strong. If you will send us your name and address, a little book, "Building Up Your Blood," will be mailed you free of charge. This book contains many useful health hints.

You can get these pills through any medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

### British Capital For Canada

No Lack Of Interest, But Lack Of Funds Might Hold Back Capital

"No reason for alarm" exists because United States capital flows into Canada in large quantities while British capital comes in a more restrained manner, was the assurance given by Sir Robert Borne, in speaking at a banquet tendered at Montreal to delegates to the triennial Empire mining and metallurgical congress. British capital had built up various foreign countries, yet had not sought political control in such countries. If British capital did not flow into Canada as desired by the people of the Dominion might be certain that the reason was not lack of interest in Canada, but simply lack of funds available.

### No Better Than Others

"Would you experience confirm the popular notion that there is a sense of honor among thieves?" said the visitor to the prison chaplain. "Well—no. There may be exceptions," returned the chaplain. "But, generally speaking, I find thieves just about as bad as other people."

Cuba experts declare the name "two-bits" came down to us from pirate days—despite the popular belief that pirates gave no quarter.

W. N. U. 1928



### New Steel Being Tested

Defies Extreme Heat and Acids Say Experts At Copenhagen

Announcement of some successful experiments made with a new steel that, it is asserted, will withstand extreme heat and the reaction of acids and gases injurious to the metal, is made by a Copenhagen newspaper. The new product is without a name. Ten tons of it have been produced at the Varde Works for comprehensive testing purposes.

The metal has been exposed to high temperatures in Copenhagen furnaces which heat to a temperature of 500 degrees, in which the metal has been allowed to remain for five or six periods of ten hours each, without showing any injurious effects. It is said that a piece of the best steel previously produced was completely destroyed in the first heating, at a temperature that had no effect on the new metal.

In the tests at the Varde Gas works pieces of ordinary steel and of the new, of the same size, were left in a "recrutorator" for six weeks at a temperature of from 1,000 to 1,100 degrees. At the end of the experiment, the ordinary steel had practically disappeared, while the new alloy showed no signs of having been affected by the heat. Considerable interest has been aroused by the results obtained.

Protect the child from the ravages of worms by using Mother Graves' Worm Expeller. It is a standard remedy, and years of use have enhanced its reputation.

### To Build New Intertype Factory

Will Employ Over One Thousand Workers In Huge Plant

To keep pace with expanding business, the Intertype Corporation, of Brooklyn, are building a large new factory in the town of Harrison, New York. The Intertype Corporation now employs about one thousand workers. The annual payroll amounts to more than \$1,500,000, and with the increased facilities afforded by the new plant this amount will be largely increased.

The Intertype Corporation manufactures the well-known Intertype Typetting Machine. This machine is in general use by newspapers, publishers and printers everywhere, machines and supplies being shipped to all parts of the world. Branch offices and agencies are maintained in the principal cities of the United States and Canada. Subsidiary corporations operate in England and Germany. The executive offices, now located at 1430 Broadway, New York, and the two factories, one in New York and one in Brooklyn, will be combined in the new and enlarged building at Harrison. Building operations will commence immediately, and the new factory will be in full operation by Sept. 1, 1928.

Minard's Liniment eases sore feet.

### A Scottish Boy's Work

One of the Scotch boys who recently went to Australia, wrote home that he saves \$5 a week, and added, "I get up at five, milk 47 cows, take the milk to the station, collect the mail at the post office, return home and feed the cows—and then start to work."

In common justice it should be recognized that all automobile drivers who meet with accidents on the highway are not fool drivers.

If a man has a good memory he knows when to forget.

### DYSENTERY WAS SO BAD BECAME ALARMED

Mrs. Wallace Pepper, R.T., No. 6, Simon, Ont., writes:—"Last summer I was very bad with dysentery. I lost my appetite, and had such severe pains in my abdomen they made me very faint. I passed blood which greatly alarmed me, so I hurried to the doctor. He told me the quickest way to get rid of it would be to take



"I took only part of a bottle and was completely relieved. I feel I cannot recommend it too highly."

This wonderful blood purifier recently has been on the market for the past 80 years; put up only by The T. M. Lums Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

### Prairie Provinces Facing Real Menace

Rats Are Working Westward and Should Be Extirminated

Recent reports that a number of rats had been killed by farmers in Saskatchewan sharply draws attention to two very interesting facts from an agricultural point of view, namely, that the Canadian West is one of the few agricultural areas in the world that is not overrun by these pests, and, secondly, that no time should be lost for every farmer in the Prairie Provinces to take up this challenge by immediate and no uncertain precautionary action. The truth may as well be faced, says the Natural Resources Intelligence Service of the Department of the Interior, that the brown rat, native of China, and scourge of all Europe, is seeking to add one more Province of Canada to his habitat. Ever and anon he continues his westward march, and it will require the most united and intelligent warfare to stem his migration.

Mice are bad enough, but the brown rat is infinitely worse, and one can conjecture the toll he will take if he becomes firmly established in the greatest granary of the British Empire. A few years ago it was thought that the long, hard winters of Western Canada would prove a deterrent to colonization of that country by rats, but they gradually migrated from the East and spread over Southern Manitoba. Now they have reached the Qu'Appelle district of Saskatchewan, and they are known to have burrowed under a straw stack and found sufficient shelter for the winter.

The brown rat is omnivorous. In his diet and eats anything edible, vegetable or animal, even leather fabrics. It attacks poultry, destroying eggs and chickens; fish and fruit are equally acceptable with all kinds of meat, groceries and vegetables; it will eat its own weaker brothers and sisters if pressed for food, and has not infrequently attacked helpless human beings. It visits sewers and other filthy places, carrying and scattering the germs of disease.

The gopher is pest enough in the West without this latest intruder, which in its omnivorous habits and disease carrying propensities ranks as far more dangerous. The whole of Canada should rise up and wipe out these pests, and evidence is not lacking that the war is on in earnest in some municipalities, where bounties on rat tails have been announced. Individuals should not wait for a bounty, however, but should declare war on the first invasion of their territory, and with widespread recognition of the danger, and concerted action, it ought to be possible for a few weeks of vigorous country, in which settlement is not too dense, to win out, even though older and more thickly populated countries, hampered by ancient sanitary systems, and less modern living conditions, have failed.

Muscular Rheumatism Subdued.—When one is a sufferer from muscular rheumatism he cannot do better than to have the region rubbed with Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Let rubbing be brisk and continue until ease is secured. There is more virtue in a bottle of it than can be fully estimated.

### Gift To Free State

Volumes From Royal Library At Windsor Castle Are Presented

The King has presented to the governor of the Irish Free State 21 volumes from the Royal Library at Windsor Castle, including the statutes passed by the old Irish parliament from the third year of Edward III. till the union of 1800 under George III.

One of the last acts of Grattan's parliament was to give an order for the binding of these statutes. They were placed in the record office in Dublin at the four courts but were destroyed in 1922 when the building was blown up in the fight of the Free State with the irregulars. Duplicate copies were at Windsor and these are the volumes now presented by the King. They will form part of the library of the President of the Executive Council.

There are 4,561,000 square miles of desert area in the world. This is equivalent to the combined areas of the United States, England, France, Germany, Greece, Egypt, the Japanese Empire and the Fiji Islands.

Used by physicians—Minard's Liniment.

Agent: "Lady, may I see you for a second?"  
Mrs. Grief: Yes; I expect it will be at least two seconds before I can get this door shut."

A model wife is one who lets her husband think that he is having his own way.

### Mrs. J. B. Hiltz



Miklohotwice

Toronto, Ont.—"I found Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription very beneficial. During my third expectant period I was mated, my nerves went to pieces and I grew so weak and miserable that I could not do anything. I finally began taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and from that on I got along fine. My nerves quieted down, I grew stronger and had a very healthy baby. She always has been exceedingly well. 'Favorite Prescription' is the greatest help in motherhood of any medicine a woman can take."—Mrs. J. B. Hiltz, 53 Sydenham St.

Go to your neighborhood drug store at once and obtain this Prescription in tablets or liquid, or send 10 cents to Dr. Pierce's Laboratory in Bridgton, Ont., for trial package of tablets.

### Stamp Out Leprosy

More To Assist China In Eradicating This Dread Disease

Foreigners have joined with the Chinese in one of China's new slogans, that of "Rid China of Leprosy." It has been estimated that China has over one third of the world's 2,000,000 lepers, and the Chinese Mission to Lepers, established recently, is being assisted by the London and United States leper mission organizations.

The lot of the Chinese leper is a hard one. Shunned because of his dreaded condition he is also persecuted and often killed by his fellow countrymen, who believe him to be the object of heaven's anger. Heretofore the Chinese have not regarded leprosy as a disease, but as a punishment inflicted on an immoral person by a wrathful "will of heaven."

Figures compiled by the mission indicate that the disease is slightly on the increase in China and alarmed by that, assistance has been asked of and given by the foreign missions. A nation-wide campaign to raise funds will be started in the near future, and it is hoped that a hospital and detention station can be founded soon.

Many infants are infested by worms which cause great suffering, and if not promptly dealt with may cause constitutional weaknesses difficult to remedy. Miller's Worm Powder will be standard in the near future, and it is hoped that a hospital and detention station can be founded soon.

When you think you have found the way to success the next thing is to locate the lock.

It isn't necessarily a compliment to say a man is sound. Some men are all sound.

### A Shaving Lotion

Minard's mixed with sweet oil and thoroughly rubbing after a shave.



AGENTS—ETHER SEX—\$15 weekly easy selling PALCO CLEANERS, WASHO, POLISHERS. Cleaners, upholsterers, etc. Removes Road Tar without injury to paint. Sells on demonstration. Samples free. P. A. LEFFEBVRE & CO., Alexandria, Ont.

### A BROKEN DOWN SYSTEM

This is a condition for which doctors give many names, but when few of them really understand. It is simply a broken down system. No matter what may be the cause (stomach and liver troubles, indigestion, constipation, etc.) the cure is the same: the use of the new French remedy, THERAPION NO. 3.

It is a natural, safe, and effective remedy for all such conditions. It is a natural, safe, and effective remedy for all such conditions. It is a natural, safe, and effective remedy for all such conditions.

### THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY

THERAPION NO. 3

It is a natural, safe, and effective remedy for all such conditions. It is a natural, safe, and effective remedy for all such conditions. It is a natural, safe, and effective remedy for all such conditions.

### THE EXPIRING LAMP OF LIFE

LIGHTED UP AFRESH

It is a natural, safe, and effective remedy for all such conditions. It is a natural, safe, and effective remedy for all such conditions. It is a natural, safe, and effective remedy for all such conditions.

It is a natural, safe, and effective remedy for all such conditions. It is a natural, safe, and effective remedy for all such conditions. It is a natural, safe, and effective remedy for all such conditions.

It is a natural, safe, and effective remedy for all such conditions. It is a natural, safe, and effective remedy for all such conditions. It is a natural, safe, and effective remedy for all such conditions.

It is a natural, safe, and effective remedy for all such conditions. It is a natural, safe, and effective remedy for all such conditions. It is a natural, safe, and effective remedy for all such conditions.

It is a natural, safe, and effective remedy for all such conditions. It is a natural, safe, and effective remedy for all such conditions. It is a natural, safe, and effective remedy for all such conditions.

It is a natural, safe, and effective remedy for all such conditions. It is a natural, safe, and effective remedy for all such conditions. It is a natural, safe, and effective remedy for all such conditions.



# High Grade Twines and Cordage Now Manufactured From Hemp Grown In Western Canada

A new and significant step, alike in Western Canadian agriculture and in the industrial manufacturing of that territory, was taken in May when at Portage la Prairie, Manitoba, a variety of twines and cordage manufactured from hemp grown in Western Canada was turned out and shipped to a number of provincial points. The new industry, employing only thirty hands and capitalized at \$200,000, locally subscribed, may appear as a small one, but the event is full of interest and moment as inaugurating an activity with such possibilities to the agricultural and manufacturing industries of Western Canada and one of which there is every reason to believe that the plant at Portage la Prairie is of improved and modern type, and on this foundation the new industry can confidently be expected to proceed apace.

The actual manufacture of medium and heavy wrapping twine in Western Canada marks the culmination of years of experimentation and other effort. It has been known for several years that Western Canadian soil in many sections was suited to the growing of hemp. Many experiments had been made at the Manitoba Agricultural College, and Professor Harrison, of that institution gives corroborative authority to the statement that the province could produce all the hemp likely to be required for local and immediate markets. Experiments conducted by the Canadian Pacific Railway in Southern Alberta likewise established the suitability of lands in the irrigated sections to this crop. Crops were successfully rooted and various twines actually manufactured at Eastern points—the way to industrial manufacture involving the use of hemp completely paved, in fact. Although the success attained left no reason why the Prairie Provinces should not have a hemp growing industry and engage in the manufacture of products imported into the country to the extent of many millions of dollars annually.

After being satisfied that ample supplies of raw material could be produced within reasonable distance of the point of manufacture at Portage la Prairie the Manitoba Cordage Company imported hemp seed of the best quality which it advanced to farmers with a guaranteed price per ton of straw delivered at the factory. A field man in the joint service of the company and the provincial government, which has throughout exhibited a keen interest, chose the land and inspected it for the Prairie cultivation. During 1922 approximately 700 acres of land in Manitoba were sown to hemp, most of this about the Portage plains, in close proximity to the factory, with smaller areas at Morris, Clonabobo, Roland, Elm Creek, Carberry, Neepawa, Langruth, Oak Point, and in the Winnipeg district. This year it has been planned to seed 800 acres.

Uniform success attained would indicate that hemp will grow in practically any part of Manitoba. Crops in the Portage plains ran from six to ten feet in height, despite an unfavorable season. The average yield was 2½ to 3 tons to the acre, and harvesting and retting were successfully carried out. Hemp yields, according to report, returned Manitoba farmers an average of about \$50 per acre. Hemp growing and manufacture have been successfully inaugurated in Western Canada, and judging by all the preparations made can be expected to make progress from now on.

The rough and polished twine is of good appearance and it was stated that, size for size, the breaking strain of local grown product is much the market at competitive prices, and the market at competitive prices an actual test proving this, and those who have used it claim it is longer, stronger, cheaper and easier to handle than other twines of similar size. Two, three and four ply twines polished and stretched and rough, heavy, unpolished twines are being manufactured.

The twine is being placed on the market and is having success in Winnipeg. Selling at the same price as other twines and the type of product, no difficulty is experienced in disposing of all their present output of one ton per day, and Western Canada can easily take care of the output of present plant.

The path has for some time been cleared for engagement in hemp manufacture in Western Canada and successful experimentation and demonstration has waited upon private enterprise and capital. With the actual launching of the industrial side there is no reason why the industry should not now spread rapidly.

W. N. U. 1696

and free Canada to a larger extent of her dependence upon foreign sources for these very necessary commodities. Already, it is understood, preparations are under way for an expansion in the Province of Manitoba.

## Dates For Digging Potatoes

Early Digging Appears To Furnish Most Productive Seed

An interesting experiment with the object of determining if the stage of maturity of potatoes when dug has an influence on the yielding ability of the seed has been made on the Fredrickton, New Brunswick, Experimental Station. Green Mountain potatoes planted on May 16, 1925, were dug on August 17, and on September 30. In 1926 the seed dug early produced at the rate of 313 bushels of marketable potatoes per acre and that dug late 279 bushels per acre. In a similar experiment in the previous year the Green Mountains dug early also produced a better crop than those dug late but the difference was only about 15 bushels per acre.

## Our Age Of Progress

Last Century Has Seen Greater Changes Than Any Other

The history of the world consists mostly in the memory of those ages, quite few in number, in which some part of the world has risen above itself and burst into flower or fruit. We ourselves happen to live in the midst or possibly in the close of one such period. More change has probably taken place in daily life, in ideas, and in the general aspect of the earth during the last century than during any other four centuries since the Christian era; and this fact has tended to make us look on rapid progress as a normal condition of the human race, which it has never been.



A Smart Frock For The Miss Or Small Woman

Delightfully girlish is the chic frock shown here and would be smart if fashioned of either woolen material or silk. The skirt has box-plats in front and is joined to the bodice having tucks at each shoulder. The long regular sleeves are finished with shaped cuffs, and a trim turn-down collar fastens onto the dress. The back is in one piece and a shaped belt achieves the two-piece mode. A smart note of contrast may be introduced in the collar, cuffs and belt. No. 1527 is for misses and small women and is in sizes 16, 18 and 20 years. Size 18 requires 3½ yards 39-inch material, or 3 yards 64-inch. If of contrasting material is used, ¾ yard 39-inch additional is required. Price 20 cents the pattern.

Many styles of smart apparel may be found in our Fashion Book. Our designers originate their patterns in the heart of the style centres, and their creations are those of tested popularity, brought within the means of the average woman. Price of the book 10 cents the copy.

## How To Order Patterns

Address—Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Patterns No. .... Size .....

Name .....

Town .....

## Outbreak Of Foot And Mouth Disease

Holding Up Importations Of British Cattle And Sheep

Importations of cattle and sheep from England are held up for at least another 60 days following the announcement from the Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, that there has been a new outbreak of foot and mouth disease in England at Wigginton, Tansworth, Staffordshire.

Many permits have been issued for the importation of pure-bred cattle, sheep and swine from Great Britain this season up to date, and this new outbreak will necessitate the holding up of these importations, insofar as at least as those from England are concerned, until that part of Great Britain is again declared free from this dread disease.

In the case of importations coming from Scotland it is not the intention of the department to stop importations if affidavit can be made that the stock being shipped from Scottish ports has not been in England within 60 days of export, nor been in contact with cattle coming from England within that time. Further, it will be required that boats carrying such cattle from Scotland must not touch at English ports after loading.

## Migration Scheme

Ex-Officers Of The Army, Navy and Air Force To Settle In B.C.

A migration scheme under which ex-officers of the army, navy and air force to be settled in British Columbia is being organized by the Overseas League, according to Sir Henry Cowan, M.P., member of the League's council, who was in Vancouver on his way to New Zealand and Australia.

In October, Secretary McLaren, of the Y.M.C.A. headquarters at Toronto, who is in charge of the association's immigration work, will come to the coast to go into the matter fully. The league is arranging many details of the scheme with the Y.M.C.A. Sir Henry stated.

British Columbia is the only part of the empire in which the scheme is being carried out, he said. Conditions here were considered peculiarly suitable for the settlement of this type of migrants, all of whom have incomes of varying size and some of whom have a small amount of capital. It is intended that the settlers should take land, probably in small holdings.

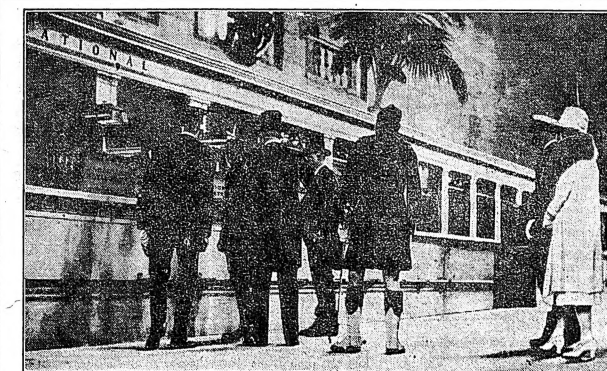
## Great Britain Had Super-Centenaries

Dozen Or More Said To Be Over 130

When they died. It is claimed on behalf of Zoro Aga, a Kurd living at Constantinople, that he is the oldest living man in the world. He says he is 145 years old. The case of Old Parr, the Shropshire laborer whom the Earl of Arundel brought to London in 1635 at the alleged age of 152, has been cited to prove that Zoro Aga's claim is really a modest one. Since Old Parr's time there have been a dozen or more inhabitants of Great Britain who were said to have lived to the age of 130 or more, but the last of these, most of whom were Irish, died in 1840.

An old railroad locomotive, with its wheels removed, heads a passenger station in Norwich, Conn. It also heads the train shed, and cars in the yard.

"Would you be angry with me if I asked you to be my wife?"  
She—"Not at all. But I'd be furious with myself if I agreed to."



## Prince of Wales Receives First Railway Ticket At New Station

When H.R.H. the Prince of Wales formally opened the new Union Station at Toronto his first action was to visit the ticket wickets of the Canadian National Railways, there to receive ticket No. 1 of the issue from

## Spirit Of Co-Operation

The Kind That Makes The World a Better Place In Which To Live. The spirit of co-operation which exists between the business men of Craik, Sask., and the farmers of the surrounding district as demonstrated in a "graveling bee" held recently is highly commendable and should prove a source of inspiration to the people of Saskatchewan and Western Canada generally.

The graveling bee is an annual event at Craik. Farmers donate their teams and their time to haul gravel to surface the roads of the town, and the townsfolk, including clergymen, lawyers and merchants, peel off their coats and add in the work. At the end of a couple of days the town is threaded by well gravelled streets which keep them in good condition for the next twelve months.

We do not know what the townsfolk do to reciprocate the assistance rendered them by the residents of the rural district, but it is a safe bet that any time the farmers are up against a shortage of help in the harvest fields or at any other time, the townsfolk of Craik can be relied upon to rush to their aid.

It is this kind of spirit that makes the world a better place to live in and that brings material results as well that would otherwise be unobtainable.—Farmers' Sun.

## Urges Farmers To Advertise

Should Co-Operate In Marketing Efforts Says Connecticut Man

Co-operative advertising by farmers was urged by Willard D. Rogers, advertising director of the Hotel Bond, of Hartford, Conn., addressing a Farmers' Week meeting at the Connecticut Agricultural College at Storrs, Conn.

An appropriate slogan for the Connecticut farmers made adaptable to the modern age of progress, he said, would read: "Early to bed, early to rise, market co-operatively and nervously."

Mr. Rogers said: "No sound advertising program was ever worked out without a survey purporting to show whether a product is marketable. While individual advertising would probably cost a prohibitive sum, co-operative advertising could unquestionably be worked out to the advantage of the Connecticut farmer."

## Exhibits Held Up

U.S. Customs Hold Up Grain Exhibits Of Alberta Government

Some astute and active employee of the United States customs service has thrown a monkey wrench, figuratively speaking, into the programme of the Alberta Government in connection with its series of Alberta exhibits at eight middle states fairs. The collection of grain and other products with accompanying illustrative material which was shown at the poultry congress at Ottawa, and which was then shipped in two sections for use at Illinois, Iowa and Nebraska exhibitions, has been held up somewhere on the border, and the customs man has said it must not go over. If that ruling stands, there will not be any Alberta displays in the middle states.

"Why do you drink so much water, Everett?" asked a mother of her 5-year-old son.

"So you won't have so much to wash me with," replied the youngster.

A man who is satisfied with his job never reaches the top of the ladder.

# E. P. Ranch Has Become A Distinct Factor in the Pure Bred Livestock Industry of the West

## Expert Agricultural Information

Many Publications Issued Annually To Disseminate Practical Knowledge

Lord Bacon is recorded as saying that reading maketh a full man. "That being so, the farmers of Canada have every opportunity to become such. Every practical Government and every agricultural college issues its quota of publications annually in addition to the large number published from the Department at Ottawa. During the past year the Experimental farm system alone was responsible for thirteen bulletins, seven pamphlets, seven circulars and four special publications, making a total of 31. The bulletins referred to the cultivation of tobacco, the raising of sheep and swine in Central Alberta, to the prevalence of plant diseases, to crop rotation and soil management in Eastern Canada, to wintering bees, to preserving fruit and vegetables in the house, the general use of potatoes, the cultivation of the strawberry, to Garret wheat, and gave standard descriptions of weeds and insects. The pamphlets dealt with fall litter, raspberry diseases, fleshy annual pastures, breeding and feeding the market hog, producing clean milk, legume inoculation and apple scab. The circulars referred to household preservation of eggs, mushroom culture, feeding dairy cattle, white pine blister rust, tobacco varieties suitable to Quebec, the field carrot in Quebec, and growing alfalfa on range land in Saskatchewan and Alberta. The special publications, which like all the others can be had free on application to the Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, were a guide to the projects of the Dominion Departmental farms, the story of the experimental farms, a treatise on mushrooms and truffles, and why alfalfa should be grown and how to grow it. To all these were added reports for the year from every one of the thirty branch farms, stations and substations, and of course from the Division of the Farms System.

The value of this work has been distinctly limited, however, had such valuable animals been confined to the royal ranch, but the acquisition of a class of animals he had scarcely before known became a possibility for the Western Canadian farmer. Through local and provincial sales stock from the ranch has been disseminated throughout Western Canada, elevating the standing of the livestock industry of that territory another notch. Rapidly the ranch has made itself a distinct factor in the cattle and sheep industry, and in horse breeding, particularly the raising of polo and racing ponies. The effect has been even wider than this, for animals from the ranch have been in demand from many parts of the United States and have travelled to stock farms in many states of the Union as far as California, where they are carrying on their work of stock improvement.

Throughout the eight years the Prince of Wales, despite the fact he has been almost constantly travelling in distant parts of the Empire, has exhibited an unflagging interest in the ranch, which has not been merely sentimental but practical. On his yearly visit to England to supplement the ranch's stock depleted by sales, the manager has, when occasion offered, conferred with the royal owner, who has personally interested himself in the stock to be moved. On his visit to Western Canada this year the Prince could view with satisfaction the result of his efforts since when eight years ago a boyish impulse prompted him to acquire the lovely Reddington property. This time he came back to Western Canada not so much as a royal heir but as a real Western Canadian rancher with a definite standing among the agriculturists of that territory.

## Solved Difficult Problem

Prince Edward County Farmer Saved Fine Brood Of Chickens

A Prince Edward county farmer placed a broody hen on a setting of 15 eggs, but unfortunately the hen died before the chickens were due to hatch. Whether the chickens had already been counted or not is not known, but in any event, the problem confronting the farmer was solved by boring two holes, one on each side of the nest, through the bottom of the box in which it was placed. Then a rooster was placed on the eggs with his legs through these two holes, and fastened securely together below. By this means the rooster was compelled to complete a task greatly beneath his dignity as a father and head of the household, and was kept sitting on the eggs until he became the proud and only parent of a fine brood of chickens, following which they were placed under the care of a foster mother.

The Boss—"Do you want to take your vacation this summer?"  
Bookkeeper—"No, I want to take mine in the winter so I can get a seat on the observation platform."

The picturesque ranch in the foothill country of Southern Alberta which jumped into world prominence eight years ago, because it took the fancy of the royal heir, is no longer to be regarded as the mere hobby of a young man in a position to indulge his taste, but as a practical establishment with an essential place in the agriculture of Western Canada. The Prince of Wales came to Western Canada this year as a real Western rancher who is playing his part in the development of the territory's first industry.

That from the very first the Prince of Wales regarded the E.P. Ranch as no passing fancy would appear to be clear. The first practical step His Royal Highness took was to immediately appoint a capable ranch manager, a man of outstanding reputation in the agricultural circles of Alberta. The next was to make arrangements for the transfer from the United Kingdom of some of the best livestock—horses, cattle, and sheep—in that country. Every year since similar importations have been made, a man of outstanding reputation in the agricultural circles of Alberta. The next was to make arrangements for the transfer from the United Kingdom of some of the best livestock—horses, cattle, and sheep—in that country. Every year since similar importations have been made, a man of outstanding reputation in the agricultural circles of Alberta.

The effect of this has been striking and far-reaching. The animals imported were, in the main, superior to those existing in Western Canada, where the building up of a purebred livestock industry has been a tardy and laborious process. Exhibited at Western fairs they roused general enthusiasm and ranked high among prize-winners. Going farther afield to the national shows at Toronto they secured high awards. They were ever outstanding at the Chicago International and attracted considerable attention. Clearly a decidedly new element had been introduced into Western Canada's livestock industry.

The value of this work has been distinctly limited, however, had such valuable animals been confined to the royal ranch, but the acquisition of a class of animals he had scarcely before known became a possibility for the Western Canadian farmer. Through local and provincial sales stock from the ranch has been disseminated throughout Western Canada, elevating the standing of the livestock industry of that territory another notch. Rapidly the ranch has made itself a distinct factor in the cattle and sheep industry, and in horse breeding, particularly the raising of polo and racing ponies. The effect has been even wider than this, for animals from the ranch have been in demand from many parts of the United States and have travelled to stock farms in many states of the Union as far as California, where they are carrying on their work of stock improvement.

Throughout the eight years the Prince of Wales, despite the fact he has been almost constantly travelling in distant parts of the Empire, has exhibited an unflagging interest in the ranch, which has not been merely sentimental but practical. On his yearly visit to England to supplement the ranch's stock depleted by sales, the manager has, when occasion offered, conferred with the royal owner, who has personally interested himself in the stock to be moved. On his visit to Western Canada this year the Prince could view with satisfaction the result of his efforts since when eight years ago a boyish impulse prompted him to acquire the lovely Reddington property. This time he came back to Western Canada not so much as a royal heir but as a real Western Canadian rancher with a definite standing among the agriculturists of that territory.

Was No Relation. Here is a good story concerning Miss Vesta Victoria, the music hall star.

A certain Englishman was lunching with a well-known American society woman in New York. Presently the two veered round to English music hall stars, and the guest happened to refer to Vesta Victoria.

"Any relation to the late Queen Victoria?" asked the hostess in all seriousness.

## Tuneless Pianos Costly

Eight tenths of the country's pianos are always out of tune, Charles Deutschmann, of Chicago, told delegates to the National Association of Piano Tuners at New York. He asserted that about \$360,000,000 of the \$800,000,000 spent annually for musical education was lost to the cause. Deutschmann said that a piano needed frequent tuning and that when it got out of tune the musical ear did likewise.

The Russian government made coins of platinum in 1928.

WORLD HAPPENINGS  
BRIEFLY TOLD

Carroll Alkens, Nararanta, B.C., has been appointed director of the Hart House Theatre, University of Toronto.

The date of the conference of Provincial Prime Ministers, with the Federal Government has been set for November 3, and will probably last some days.

Four special stamps have been issued in Japan to commemorate the fiftieth anniversary of the entry of that country into the Universal Postal Union.

Total profits made through liquor handled by the British Columbia Liquor Control Board reached \$1,913,872 for the six months' period ending March 31, it is announced.

The death of Ziauddin Pasha, President of the Egyptian Chamber of Deputies and Nationalist leader, is announced in a Cairo despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company.

At a meeting of the Canadian Aeronautic Association held in Toronto, the present state of aviation in Canada and plans for placing the country in a forward position in this respect were the feature topics of discussion.

Future long distance flights should have far better preparation and more stringent requirements, than the Dole air race to Hawaii, according to U.S. Department of Commerce aviation officials.

Proposals for the establishment of two grain elevators and a flour mill at Victoria by a Buffalo-Vancouver syndicate, were considered recently at a special meeting of the city council. The estimated cost would run to nearly \$1,000,000.

The erection of a mooring mast in the vicinity of Montreal to accommodate the transatlantic airships will be followed by providing similar facilities on the Pacific coast, according to a prominent Government official in touch with plans for connecting the far-flung portions of the Empire by airship routes.

## Why Churchill Is Favored

Many Advantages Offered By Northern Port Over Nelson

Points in favor of Port Churchill as the terminal of the Hudson's Bay Railway, are outlined by General Patterson, president of the On-to-the-Rail Association as follows:

Twenty-four hours unhampered access.

Absolute protection from wind and waves.

Available for ships of any draft.

Great saving in cost of construction.

Can be completed many years sooner than Nelson.

No light ships or buoys required as entrance is direct from deep water into harbor.

Insurance rates should be less.

There should be a very great saving in ships' time which is most important when a short season is taken into consideration.

Harbor is large enough to handle considerably more shipping than now enters the St. Lawrence, and the extension of dock facilities can be made at very small cost.

It seems to be the case that the shore ice is clear at Churchill sooner than at Nelson, owing to the southward current on the west side of the Bay, and there would be no difficulty in keeping the harbor open with ice breakers as long as may be desired.

These are some of the advantages; the only disadvantage is the maintenance and operation of ninety additional miles of railway.

## A New Sailing Record

The two-masted schooner Mary Elizabeth recently arrived at Providence, Rhode Island, from Brava, Cape Verde Islands, having made the voyage of 3,600 miles in forty days. The remarkable feature of the voyage, however, was not the time consumed but the fact that during the entire passage all her nine sails were set and not once were any lowered or reefed. The veteran mariners of Providence port say that such a record was never before made and that the voyage is unique in the annals of transatlantic navigation.

## Hardest Way Is Best

"The hardest way is almost invariably the best way," says Thomas A. Edison, and he goes on to declare that whenever he achieves a result quickly and easily he always distrusts it and proceeds to test it by a different and more difficult method. The road to the heights must be steep and tollsome.

Money is a thing that is easy to borrow when you don't need it and almost impossible to borrow when you do.

W. N. U. 1696

Largest Indian Rock  
Carving Discovered

Petroglyph On Cariboo Highway More Than 250 Feet Long

The largest petroglyph or Indian rock carving known in Canada has just been reported to the archaeological office of the National Museum of Canada at Ottawa.

This petroglyph is said to be more than 250 feet long and to be carved on a vertical face of reddish rock of the plateau, straight up the side of the Fraser River valley, about half a mile south of the eastern end of the Alexander Bridge on the Cariboo Highway. A trout-fishing trail runs up in its direction, from which it probably can be seen. The place is only about 12 miles from Vale on the railway line and, being both the largest and the most easily accessible of the petroglyphs, it may be set aside as a national monument because of its value as a tourist attraction.

Previous to this discovery the largest known petroglyph in Canada was on the west side of a 70-foot canyon about one mile south of the Mackenzie highway, at a point some four miles from the sea in the "Norway of Canada" near Bella Coola.

## Automobile Fatalities

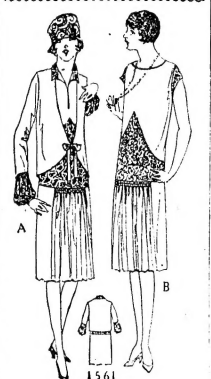
Report Of Deaths In Nine Provinces For 1926

The Dominion Bureau of Statistics has issued a special report on deaths from automobile accidents in the nine provinces of Canada during 1926. Under this title were included the accidents in which automobiles were involved in collision with other vehicles, such as horse-drawn vehicles, streetcars and trains.

In the nine provinces of Canada deaths from automobile accidents totalled 605 for the year 1926, made up as follows: Prince Edward Island, 17; Nova Scotia, 28; New Brunswick, 117; Quebec, 352; Ontario, 242; Manitoba, 27; Saskatchewan, 21; Alberta, 33; and British Columbia, 60.

For the whole country the death rate from this cause was 6.5 per 100,000 of population.

Children under 15 years of age contributed 186 deaths or 31 per cent. of the total.



## An Attractive New Frock

Of decided appeal is this charming frock. The skirt, having the fullest shirred in the front, is joined to the bodice, while the back is in one piece. View A employs contrasting material for the convertible collar, the sleeve puffs, belt across the back, and is supplied on the lower part of the bodice. The modish sleeveless bolero jacket ties in a chic bow in front. In View B the frock has short sleeves of contrasting material and a round neck. No. 1561 is for misses and small women and is in sizes 16, 18 and 20 years. Size 18 (36 inches) requires 4 yards 23-inch, or 2 1/2 yards 54-inch plain material, and 3/4 yard 39-inch contrasting material for View A, and 2 1/2 yards for View B. Price 29 cents the pattern.

The designs illustrated in our new Fashion Book are advance styles for the home dressmaker, and the woman or girl who desires to wear garments dependable for taste, simplicity and economy, will find her desires fulfilled in our patterns. Price of the book 10 cents the copy.

## How To Order Patterns

Address—Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. .... Size .....

Name .....

Town .....

## DISTINGUISHED VISITORS TO CANADA



Canada is an ideal holiday resort in the opinion of this distinguished group of passengers who arrived in the Dominion a few days ago on the White Star liner Megantic to enjoy their vacation. From left to right the group includes Sir Thomas Kamondia, Bart., Senator in the Irish Free State, and Lady Kamondia, Lady Craig, her daughter, and Sir Ernest Craig, Bart., M.P. for Crew, who owns collieries in Wales. Sir Thomas Kamondia is a

hunter of note and despite the fact that he has hunted in practically every country he thinks Canada has the finest hunting and fishing in the world and he has said so in one of his books. On this trip he will travel right through Canada and probably shoot big game in western Canada. Sir Ernest Craig, on the other hand, will enjoy a quiet holiday in the Muskoka Lakes district before returning to England on one of the White Star liners.

## Northern Volcano Is Active

Volcanic Peak On Western Aleutian Islands Is On Rampage

Dogoshoff Island, a volcanic peak in the Western Aleutian Islands which rose from the sea May 18, 1796, is intensely active again, Honoring Platts, Danish consul at Seattle reported upon his return from Siberia on a trading vessel.

"We went within three miles of the island," Platts said. "The entire island seems afire, smoke and steam was issuing from every part and many huge craters could be seen. It has the appearance of an inferno. Hundreds of sea lions were being driven off the island roaring as if in protest of the burning of their island home."

## Russia's Millions

Population Of Soviet Union Estimated At 146,200,000

The total population of the Soviet Union in round numbers is 146,200,000 says a report submitted to the Council of People's Commissaries by the Central Statistical Department. Russia proper (The R.S.F.S.R.) contains 100,500,000 people, Ukraine 28,900,000, White Russia 4,500,000, Caucasus 5,500,000, Uzbekistan 5,100,000, and Turkestan 1,000,000.

## Was Well Equipped

The vicar of a small village said to a youth of his flock, "I'm afraid, William, you're tampering with the affections of several girls in this parish. I've told that you're courting a girl in this village, another at Crompton, and a third at Muddlington."

"Well, sir," said William happily. "I've got a motor-bike."

Some women are not as fresh as they are painted, and some are more so.

## Aeroplane Express

American Express Company Inaugurate Rapid Transit From Coast To Coast

Inauguration on September 1 of an aeroplane express service from coast to coast, which will cut the railway shipping time in half and will cost less than air mail rates for packages, was announced by the American Railway Express company.

Packages up to 200 pounds each may be carried from the Atlantic to the Pacific coast in two days. The chief restrictions are as to weight and size but no animals nor explosives will be carried. There will be definite limitations concerning "bottom express," the technical term for light packages of great bulk. No shipment valued at more than \$5,000 will be accepted.

## Aviation In Australia

Commonwealth Government To Spend Considerable Sum On Airways

The Melbourne correspondent of the Sydney Telegraph reports that the Commonwealth government decided to allocate an additional 200,000 pounds sterling to the development of civil aviation. It will make a total Federal grant of 315,000 pounds sterling to finance the scheme being worked out to bring the most distant parts of the Commonwealth to within four days' journey of the capital of the Eastern States by means of a series of airways encircling the whole continent.

"I look forward every Sunday to the after-dinner map."

"I thought you never slept after dinner."

"I don't, but my wife does."

The things that we try to keep dark come to light sooner or later.

## SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

SEPTEMBER 4

SOLOMON'S WISE CHOICE

Golden Text: "Happy is the man that findeth wisdom, and the man that getteth understanding." -- Proverbs 3:13.

Lesson: 1 Kings 3:4-15.  
Devotional Reading: Proverbs 8:12-19.

## Explanations and Comments

1. Solomon's Wise Choice, verses 4-9.—David has died and Solomon has been anointed king. Solomon went in state to Gibeon, presumably in the first year of his reign, accompanied by a vast retinue. Gibeon was the great high place, that is, a Canaanitish sacred spot, or place for sacrifice, located upon a hill-top. The Israelites concentrated such "high places" to the worship of Jehovah. "The law of Deuteronomy 12:1-21 forbade worship at high places and restricted the worship to a single sanctuary, but worship at high places was practised until the time of Ezekiel, 2 Kings 18:4.

Although the ark stood in a temporary tent at Jerusalem, Gibeon is called the chief high place because the tabernacle, the ancient tent of the wandering Israelites, in front of the tabernacle stood the brazen altar for sacrifices (2 Chron. 13:5), and there Solomon offered a thousand victims. He wished to display his royal magnificence to his great assembly. That night when the smoke of the sacrifice had sailed away and the music and noise had ceased, Solomon slept, and in a dream Jehovah appeared to him and said, "Ask what I shall give thee."

"Still, earth grows hard with facts and fears: Stark life were but a sorry dream!"—Nancy Byrd Turner.

In answer Solomon spoke of his father David's uprightness of heart and God's mercies to him, and spoke of his own ascent of the throne as a great kindness shown to his father; compare 1 Kings 1:48. Then he spoke humbly of himself: "I am but a little child," he said. Josephus says that Solomon was only fourteen years old on his accession to the throne, but we know from 1 Kings 11:42 and 2 Chron. 1:1 that he was already married, and it is generally supposed that he was about twenty years old. "I know not how to go out or come in," he added, making use of a proverbial expression which meant that he did not know how to conduct public or military affairs. With customary oriental exaggeration, Solomon thus acknowledged his lack of experience and his realization of the greatness of the task before him. Compare Jeremiah 1:6, 8.

## Russians Inhabit Wrangell Island

Have Erected Several Houses Reported By U.S. Scientific Expedition

When the yacht Northern Light, bearing John Horden, Chicago millionaire, and his field museum expedition through the Arctic on a scientific expedition, arrived at Wrangell Island the expedition reported by wireless that the island had been inhabited by Russians, who had erected five large and several small houses near lagers by. Wrangell Island has been claimed at different times by American, British and Russian colonies.

The eyes of a frog, when exposed to the light of a candle, will generate an electric current easily measured on a galvanometer.

Opening For  
New Industry

Climate Particularly Adapted For Raising Rabbits For Their Pelts

The use of rabbit fur for commercial purposes is becoming increasingly prevalent and will doubtless continue to do so. Rabbit skins are being used more and more extensively to reduce higher priced furs both in Canada and the United States. In a bulletin on "Rabbits," distributed by the Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, the striking fact is mentioned that the world's annual production of rabbit skins at the present time is near the 200,000,000 mark. Canada imports hundreds of thousands of these skins every year.

Except for use as trimmings or for children's cheap furs, rabbit furs are only substitutes for, or imitations of the higher grade and better wearing furs; consequently, the price paid for individual rabbit skins will probably never be very high. However, the price paid for prime rabbit skins—our climate is particularly adapted to this industry and, given proper care and management and the selection of suitable breeds, as described in the bulletin, rabbits, as a side line, either on the farm or in the back yard, should prove to be an appreciable source of revenue.

## In the Matter Of Public Health

Greater Things May Be Accomplished in the Future By United Effort

One of the most unusual instances of the very advanced attitude of the average Canadian in matters of public health was brought to the attention of citizens generally during the recent provincial election campaign in Manitoba.

Interested in the subject of communal well-being was sufficiently widespread for one candidate, Dr. E. W. Montgomery, a Bracken supporter, to make it one of the chief planks in his platform.

"It is not money in the bank or wheat in the granaries or cattle in the field that makes a country great," Dr. Montgomery said in the course of his campaign. "It is the quality and character of its men."

Pointing to the achievements of the past few years, he used them as examples of the greater things which might be accomplished in the future by united effort. Death rates from tuberculosis and diphtheria had both been reduced, largely because the community was getting infectious diseases under control. But there was no reason, he noted, why the deaths from diphtheria could not be reduced to zero.

The major possibilities of health movements had not been partially exhausted. They were, he emphasized, essentially people's movements and it was essential that the average citizen should be kept in close touch with public health and hygiene problems.

## Turns On Flood Lights

Drone Of Aeroplane Motor A Thousand Feet In The Air, Closes Switch

The noisy hum of an aeroplane a thousand feet in the air closed the switch that lighted a bank of flood lights at Herts Field, McKeesport, Pa., in the first demonstration of the sound-sensitive automatic lighting agency developed by H. T. Spooner, research engineer of the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company. Earlier Northrup, pilot attached to Herts Field, completed the experiment by bringing the plane to the ground in the glare of powerful lights turned on by the steady thrub of the ship's motors.

The device in effect uses the drone of the aeroplane to control electric energy. From a tiny current at first, this controlled energy is increased in power by amplifiers until it is strong enough to throw a good sized lighting switch.

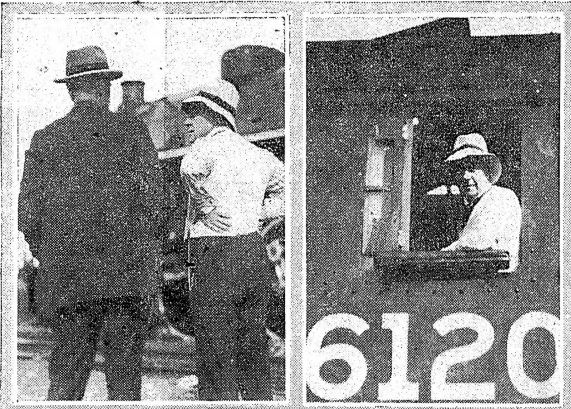
The switch locks automatically and the lights remain on until the switch is thrown by a field attendant.

Viscount Deerhurst was the eldest son of the 5th Earl of Coventry and was in his 62nd year. He was a member of the National Rifle Association Council.

"Can you stand on your head?" asked a patronizing visitor of the youngest boy of the family.

"No," was the reply. "It's too high up."

And money is often the root of many a family tree.

PREMIER BALDWIN LEARNS TO DRIVE  
LARGEST LOCOMOTIVE IN BRITISH EMPIRE

The Rt. Hon. Stanley Baldwin, the British Premier, took a short course in engine driving at Pickering, Ontario, on the new Canadian National locomotive, number 6120, the largest and most powerful railway engine in the British Empire. Mr. Baldwin, when visiting Kingston, Ont., heard that this lion of the steel rails was an all-Canadian product, designed by the Canadian railway engineers and built at the Kingston shops. Early on Saturday morning No. 6120 was attached to the Royal Train to haul it into Toronto to mark the opening of the new Union Station. Mr. Baldwin, although busy engaged in the preparation of his speeches, halted in his work to make an inspection of the engine, eventually climbing into the cab with the engineer. He showed the keenest interest in the manner in which the big locomotive was handled when travelling at high speed, and worked the various levers controlling the engine. "It is a wonderful piece of machinery and should be a source of pride to the Canadian designers and builders," said the Premier on leaving the locomotive. No. 6120 is one of forty engines of similar type that are being turned out this season for the fast passenger and freight services of the National System. When in regular service they will run 610 miles without change—the longest locomotive runs in the Dominion.



## FREE STATE TO HOLD ELECTIONS IN SEPTEMBER

Dublin. — Swiftly following two great election victories, the Cosgrave Government threw a bombshell into the political situation in the shape of a proclamation calling for the immediate dissolution of the Free State Legislature and for a general election which will be held about the middle of September.

As soon as the results of the two by-elections, upon which the Government had staked its existence, were known, the executive council met and decided to take full advantage of the present favorable situation for the dissolution of the Free State Legislature and for a general election which will be held about the middle of September.

This course, which caused tremendous surprise in political circles, will be felt from a Republican rally from the weak position shown by the polling figures in the two by-elections in Dublin County. There has been some doubt about the legality of the Government's course, since it is generally believed the Government would require the assent of the Dail to justify dissolution, but it is assumed the ministers have taken legal advice on the constitutional position.

The results of the by-elections to fill the vacancies caused by the deaths of Vice-President Kevin O'Higgins and the Countess Maritz, showed that overwhelming defeat had been inflicted upon the Republican Party. Gerald O'Sullivan, running to fill the vacancy caused by the assassination of Vice-President O'Higgins, captured the seat for the Government party by a plurality of more than 1,000 votes. In the other by-election, Dr. Kathleen Lynn, Sinn Féin nominee, was defeated.

## Increase Of Orientals In B.C. Industries

Over One Thousand Added To Employment Registers Last Year

Victoria. — Statistics are increasing their grip on British Columbia industries, according to a survey conducted by the Provincial Government. From 11,300 per cent. of the total industrial population in 1925, Orientals increased to 11,566 per cent. last year. With the total number of industrial workers in the province increasing rapidly, the figures show that more than held their own during the period under review is regarded as all the more significant. According to the government figures, 1,385 Orientals were added to the employment registers last year.

The figures disclose that Canadians and people of British origin represent 78.2 per cent. of the industrial population; natives of Continental Europe 16.62 per cent. and people of other countries 15.19 per cent. The increase in Asiatics is mainly in Chinese although Japanese, particularly females of that nationality, figure more prominently in the returns.

## Troops In Rhineland May Be Reduced

Expect French Forces Will Be Cut To 50,000 Shortly

Paris. — The repatriation to circumstances of the allied troops of occupation in the Rhineland is on the verge of conclusion. It was semi-officially learned at the Quai d'Orsay.

Conversations between Great Britain and France have been going on for several weeks concerning decreasing the force of occupation, and it is expected that the French troops on the Rhine will be cut to 50,000 within a fortnight.

## Would Leave Ireland Alone

Sydney, N.S. — "Our duty to Ireland at the present time is to leave her alone," declared Treasurer Hailey, of Chatham, N.B., addressing a public meeting at the 25th biennial convention of the Ancient Order of Hibernians of New Brunswick and Nova Scotia. Mr. Hailey referred to the fight for self-determination in Ireland a few years ago, and declared that the fight had been won. The Irish people had achieved the same degree of self-determination as existed in Canada. Their sympathizers in Canada might now leave them to work out their own destiny.

## Execute Woman In Moscow

Moscow. — Mme. Kiehlhoff, sentenced to death last month in a court martial at Kronstadt, was executed, the central executive committee of the Soviet having rejected an appeal for remission of sentence.

W. N. U. 1296

## Exchange Of Radio Programs

Proposal Made By Engineer Of British Broadcasting Company

New York. — E. J. Eckerley, chief engineer of the British Broadcasting Company, announced at a luncheon in London that he intended to visit this country in September to begin negotiations which he believes will result within a year in a regular exchange of English and American radio broadcast programs.

Eckerley's announcement, made at a luncheon of the Radio Manufacturers' Association of Great Britain in London, was relayed here by radio telephone and received by American radio men breakfasting in a New York apartment.

## Bears Were Friendly

Lord Chief Justice Of England Interested In Bears At Banff

Toronto. — Lord Hewart of Banff, lord chief justice of England, said the Banff bear had been the high light of his trip from Quebec to the Rockies and back, when he arrived here to attend the meetings of the Canadian Bar Association.

"The bears came to the side of our car and begged for chocolate," the jurist said. "We fed them and they posed for their photographs." He was surprised to hear that a woman had been attacked by one of these bears. "They were most amiable to us," he assured his interviewer.

## Open Game Reserve

Opportunity To Be Given Tourists In South Africa To See Fauna At Close Quarters

Cape Town, South Africa. — The national game reserve in the South African, consisting of 200 square miles of virgin land, is to be opened to tourists. The national board of trustees met at Komatipoort to consider building roads within the reserve. An experimental road 37 miles long already has penetrated the heart of the bush. The scheme follows the suggestion of a visitor. When worked out it will enable people to see the African fauna at close quarters in safety, something that has not been possible before.

## Another World's Record

German Aviator Flew Upside Down For Ten Minutes

Paris. — A German aviator named Fiesler has set a world's record in top-surfing flying, according to dispatchers from Geneva. Fiesler, leaving from the Zurich Flying Field, circled head downward, under observation of official witnesses, for 10 minutes 58 seconds.

After resuming normal flight for several minutes the pilot landed without difficulty and apparently unaffected by giddiness.

## Wins Editorial Contest

Montreal. — H. P. Davidson, The Acadian, Wolfville, N.S., won the contest conducted by the national committee for the celebration of the diamond jubilee of Confederation to determine the best editorial appearing in weekly newspapers dealing with Confederation and the progress of Canada. Mr. Davidson's editorial was entitled, "Canada's Greatness." Honorable mention was given The Cowichan Leader, Duncan, B.C., for its editorial, "O Canada."

## B.C. Liquor Profits

Victoria. — Total profits made through liquor handled by the British Columbia Liquor Control Board reached \$1,512,872 for the six months' period ending March 31, it was announced here. Of this amount \$524,506 went to the various municipalities, the largest distribution ever made by the Government since Government liquor control was inaugurated. Profits for the six months' period ending September 30, 1926, were \$1,564,000.

## Worried Over Payroll

Omaha, Neb. — Comes from Clarence Chamberlain, trans-Atlantic liner agent, a story that Charles A. Levine, was worried about a toll of bills on their trip than about illness. He forgot to leave the money behind for his payroll. "When he thought of it," Chamberlain relates, "he shouted in consternation, declaring he certainly hated to go into Italy dry as a hake with all that money on him."

## Discuss Law Society Matters

Toronto. — Representatives of the governing bodies of the legal profession in Canada met at Osgego Hall Tuesday to discuss matters of interest to the law societies of Canada. Hon. N. W. Rowell, K.C., presided and addresses were delivered by Lindley Crease, K.C., of Victoria; R. C. J. Thom, K.C., of Regina; Dean Read, of Dalhousie University, Halifax, and Dr. D. A. Macrae, of Osgego Hall, Toronto.

## Newspaper Men Meet At Geneva Conference

To Study Some Problems Connected With Their Profession

Geneva. — The men who are managing the news agencies and the newspaper editors of the world gathered at Geneva, under the auspices of the League of Nations in an international conference to study problems connected with their profession. Improvement in the means of communication, telegraphs, telephone, and wireless, more reasonable rates for the transmission of news, better facilities in the collection of news, the removal of censorship in peace time, and examination of the general problems of the legal protection of press information were subjects on the agenda.

The Canadian Press was represented by Hon. Frank Carroll, publisher of the Quebec Chronicle Telegraph.

## Carried Latest News To British Editors

Airplane Took Press Despatches To Visitors At E.P. Ranch

Calgary. — No matter where newspapermen are they must have the news. Even when the party of British editors descended at High River and left in automobiles for the Prince of Wales' ranch, which they believed to be far off in the foothills and separated by miles of prairie from the nearest station, an airplane from the forest patrol at High River pursued them and after their arrival at the ranch dropped them the latest Canadian Pacific despatches, giving them the most important information of the world's affairs.

## SURVEYING NEW H. B. LINE TO FORT CHURCHILL

Winnipeg, Man. — To speed up the work of surveying the territory through which the Hudson's Bay Railway will pass, from the end of the present, steel to the proposed terminal at Fort Churchill, three engineers from the Department of Public Works at Ottawa, arrived in Winnipeg on route for the north.

Accompanying the engineers was a small party of special craftsmen and on their way to Le Pas, Manitoba, about 200 more men will be engaged.

Some of the party will proceed to Port Nelson to commence the work of retrieving as much of the harbor material as can be used at Fort Churchill.

Another group of men will start on the preliminary survey for the harbor development at the new terminal. It has been decided by the Government, as announced by Hon. Charles A. Dunning, Minister of Railways and Canals, that the work shall be advanced as expeditiously as possible and to this end work which can be done before the fall freeze-up is being rushed. Early next spring, just as soon as possible after the snow has melted, an army of workmen will be busy.



## Prince of Wales Shocks London

Bond Street is lamenting and Piccadilly refuses to be comforted and the voice of the mourner is heard in the land. Something resembling a fashion earthquake has struck London. Society and the classes of fashion and wealth of four years. Only Harrow school boys, we are told, Smithfield meat porters and tourists count this

## PREPARING FOR BIG TORY MEET AT WINNIPEG

Edmonton. — Western Canada will be fully represented at the big Conservative convention at Winnipeg October 11, to make a national leader. This was definitely stated by Major-General A. D. McRae, Vancouver, chairman of the organization committee for the pending convention, when he delivered a special address before local Conservatives who tendered him a luncheon here.

Showing there will be a full representation from the head of the lake to the Pacific, General McRae stated that in British Columbia it was a question as to who could go as many were anxious to make the trip. He had received an assurance from Senator W. A. Griesbach that Northern Alberta would be fully represented, and he had the same information regarding Southern Alberta. Saskatchewan was also expected to send a full delegation.

There probably will be 1,500 delegates at least at the convention, stated the General, who declared it probably would mark an epoch in the history of the party. It would likely be looked back to as the greatest event since the days of Sir John A. Macdonald.

From Ontario there would be at least a complete representation of delegates, while the 200 expected from Quebec might be increased to 250. Miscellaneous reports were being received from the Maritime provinces and other districts, all pointing to a bumper convention.

## Soviets Praised By Trotsky

Awaiting World Revolution Which He Thinks Is Inevitable

Moscow. — Leon Trotsky, interviewed by an American labor union delegation, praised the Soviet government as the first attempt to prove that a world Socialist society is workable.

He denied that the opposition in Soviet Russia, of which he is one of the leaders, wants the Soviets to declare war against the bourgeoisie countries, and said that the opposition sit with folded hands awaiting the world revolution which inevitably will follow the coming world war.

## Annual Sheep and Swine Show

Regina. — The annual sheep and swine show and sale will be held at the exhibition grounds here on November 1, 2 and 3. The show will be held in Saskatoon preceding its appearance here, on October 27 and 28. Some excellent prizes have been offered, including specials by breeders' associations.

## Will Make Binder Twice

Portage in Prairie Provinces. — The Manitoba Cattle Co. of this city, manufacturers of medium and heavy wrapping twine, are now about to manufacture binder twine as well. The concern only started last May to turn out twines and cordage from hemp grown in Western Canada and appears now to be well established.

## Co-Operative Elevator Second Payment

Second Distribution To Shareholders Of Saskatchewan Company

Regina, Sask. — Aggregating about \$150,000 the second distribution payment to the shareholders in the Saskatchewan Co-operative Elevator Company, Limited, was made by the Saskatchewan General Trust Corporation, liquidators of the Co-operative Elevator Company. This is the second payment of approximately \$1,500,000 made since the Saskatchewan Co-operative Elevator Company, Limited, was purchased by the Saskatchewan Pool Elevators Limited, early in April. Twenty-eight thousand cheques were made out and sent to the shareholders of the company.

## Will Conduct Soil Survey

Alberta Government To Investigate Agricultural Lands In North

Edmonton, Alta. — A soil survey of agricultural lands in the north country adjacent to the E. D. and B. C. Railway will be made for the Alberta Government in the next few weeks. The work will begin as soon as possible after the return of Alfred A. Clark, who is in the north now checking up homestead and other available lands. When Mr. Clark's report, with a list of lands, has been dealt with by the Government a number of experts from the Department of Agriculture and University of Alberta will go north to conduct a series of investigations into soil conditions, with tests to follow.

## Study Boundary Problems

Representatives Of Canada and U.S. Meet In Vancouver

Vancouver. — Problems of the international boundaries between Canada and the U.S. and Alaska are being studied by special commissioners from both governments, John D. Clark, director of surveys, Ottawa, and Col. E. Lester Jones, Washington, D.C., who are now in Vancouver.

Referring to the proposal as put forward by Hugh Denison, Australian trade commissioner in New York, that the port of Skagway in United States Alaskan territory should be internationalized or leased to British Columbia interests, Col. Jones said neither he nor Mr. Clark had heard anything of the scheme officially.

## BALDWIN GIVES HIS IMPRESSIONS OF RECENT VISIT

Southampton, Eng. — Right Hon. Stanley Baldwin, Prime Minister of Great Britain, Mr. Baldwin and party arrived on the Empress of Scotland after their extended tour of Canada. "I have had a very strenuous time," the Premier said in an interview with a representative of the Canadian Press, "but it has been a wonderful experience and I have enjoyed every minute of it. In 19 days I made 26 speeches. I mention this only in case there has been an impression abroad that I have been on a holiday."

Premier Baldwin soon plunged into matters of state upon his return to these shores as a bulky dispatch box was at Chichester awaiting his arrival there on his way to Southampton.

During the voyage the Premier treated his fellow passengers with characteristic courtesy but skillfully declined to be drawn into discussions on political or commercial matters into which some of the travellers hardly concealed their anxiety to beguile him.

Chatting with those around him, Premier Baldwin again alluded to the deep impression his journey across Canada had made upon him.

"Despite some thickly populated centres like Montreal, Toronto and Winnipeg, over the whole Dominion there are only three persons to the square mile," he said, "so you understand why Canada's problem is different from ours. Even travelling at the rate of 50 miles an hour I had no time to visit the Pacific coast, although I did cross the Great Divide and I took in British Columbia."

The Premier especially mentioned the profound impression created upon himself and Mrs. Baldwin, when they first viewed the heights of Abraham and afterwards witnessed the courteous welcome extended to the Prime Minister and his party. He also spoke enthusiastically of his visit to Lake Louise and of the simple heartiness of farewell given Mrs. Baldwin and himself in Nova Scotia.

## CUSTOMS INQUIRY TO BE RESUMED AT EARLY DATE

Ottawa. — Preparations are now under way for the re-opening of the sittings of the Royal Customs Commission here.

The Ottawa sittings, which will open early in September, will conclude a period of investigation of approximately eight months by the commission into the administration of the customs department, the operations of the anti-smuggling treaty, transactions of breweries and distilleries in Canada and other matters coming within the scope of the Department of National Revenue.

The Ottawa sittings will be followed by preparation of a report for submission to the Government and to Parliament. That this report will contain important recommendations, possibly involving drastic changes in departmental procedure, is to be expected. Improvement of the appraisal system of various ports in Canada, more rigid inspection of persons crossing the line between Canada and the United States at international bridges and ferries, possibly a decrease in the number of customs posts and outposts in the Dominion, may be matters for recommendation. There are numerous other points which will be taken up.

## Ask Priority For Press Telegrams

Delegates At Conference Believe They Should Be Accorded Preference

Geneva. — Press telegrams should be given priority over ordinary private telegrams, says a resolution adopted by the International Press Conference. The delegates thus emphasized the idea that the news agencies and newspapers of the world, being the great medium for the presentation of daily world events, should be accorded preferential treatment.

Another resolution adopted declared that for the purpose of international communication a category of telegrams known as "urgent press" should be established at double rates, as compared with ordinary press telegrams and that urgent press telegrams should have priority over urgent private telegrams. The incorporation of this resolution would make urgent press telegrams the same as ordinary private telegrams.

## Warships In Collision

Japanese Destroyers Struck By Cruisers Resulting In Heavy Loss Of Life

Tokyo. — Four Japanese warships, cruising through the darkness with lights extinguished, were involved in two collisions which may have cost 129 lives, according to despatches from the Matsuura naval station.

In both cases destroyers were struck by cruisers which were proceeding night defenses against destroyers. The cruiser Jintzu struck the destroyer Warabi, which sank in 15 minutes with the loss of 102 members of the crew feared. The cruiser Asahi, 27 men being reported killed, although the Asahi was able to reach port in tow.

## Predict Leather Shortage

People Eating Less Meat And Hide Production Below Demand

New York. — What the public saves at the butcher's, it must lose at the shoe makers, according to a warning issued by the National Shoe Retailers Association. Too few cattle are being killed to provide supplies of shoe leather, the statement says.

Because the public is eating less meat nowadays, present production of hides is far below demand and world's supplies have been exhausted, the association declared. Advances of 15 to 20 per cent. in shoe prices were predicted.

## Suggests Ceding Land To U.S.

Williamstown, Mass. — Settlement of the French war debt by ceding to the United States the three French colonies of Guadeloupe, Martinique, and French Guiana was suggested by G. Butler, Sherwell, economist of Columbia University, at the Institute of Politics.

## Would Restrict Immigration

Philadelphia, Pa. — A plea for the restriction of high wages and restriction of immigration, and a denunciation of undesirable aliens in the United States featured an address given by James A. Davis, secretary of labor, speaking at the convention of the Local Order of Moose.

## Canada's Trade Expanding

Growing Volume Of Exports To All Parts Of The World

Flour made from Canadian hard wheat is now being sold by way of Hamburg to Czechoslovakia where it is found that it reduces the working hours in the bakeshops one hour per day.

Last year Canada's exports to the Irish Free State were fifty per cent. larger than the year before but the exports being mostly in wheat, flour and lumber.

It is surprising how the basic industries in our natural products are exporting all around the world. The canned salmon of British Columbia goes to nearly every part of the world where ships can carry them. A refrigeration service carries our fruits and vegetables to the east coast of South America. Canadian hops are shipped to England and all this year go to Australia. Sixty thousand bags of potatoes were last year shipped from Vancouver to Brazil, and apples were shipped to all corners of the world. Forty Jersey heifers were recently sent from Vancouver to Shanghai. A small factory in Ontario sent off some machinery the other day to a place in the interior of India. The Toronto workman who is shaping a piece of wood to be used in making a reaper never knows whether the machine will be sold to a farmer fifty miles away or exported to Russia or Australia.

This country is now carrying on a trade with the world beyond her own borders that equals in total value the foreign trade the United States was doing when her population was ten times what ours is. The facilities for doing business with the whole world at a rate which are improving every day, transportation, communication and international banking are every day doing more work faster—Toronto Free.

### Bigger But Not Stronger

Scots Have Difficulty In Lifting Swords Used By Their Ancestors

A group of husky Scots who participated in a historical pageant at Crankmill Castle in Edinburgh, are convinced that they are bigger men than their ancestors.

For the fete they had to don ancient armor and most of them were unable to squeeze into it. There was plenty of armor, but only a few of the participants found a suit which was even an approximate fit. They were all too big for the metal apparel.

The lightness of the armor compelled all the larger men in the cast to obtain other costumes and a London theatrical firm was called on to supply post haste some armor of more recent design, proportioned to the stature of twentieth century Scotchmen. But if the warriors of old were smaller, they must at least have been men of brass. Swords used by the soldiers in the days of the Scottish King James IV, were so heavy they could hardly be raised above the heads of participants in the pageant, even after practice prior to the event.

### Was Once a Dedication

What Letter "R" Means On A Doctor's Prescription

The letter "R" itself is only the initial of the word "recipe," the Latin for "take." We find exactly the same term in the housewife's cookery recipe. So the doctor's prescription, or order to the chemist, really begins with "Take thou"—so much of this, that, and the other drugs.

It, however, we look carefully at the next prescription we see, we will notice that the "R" is not quite a plain initial, but that there is a little stroke or flourish to the letter. This is generally taken to be a corruption of the old symbol in astrology for the planet Jupiter, under whose care medicine was once supposed to be.

The wise man, then, of those days started off his prescription with a little more describing the whole affair to the care of Jupiter. This little dedication was shortened into a symbol, and the symbol in turn has become part of the initial of the modern doctor's prescription.

So called up the weather bureau "How about a shower tonight?" she asked.

"It's all right with me," replied the W. M. "If you need one, take it."

"But, surely, Jones, seeing it is raining."

"Not to fear, because I see you every day."

So—"Do you know why that man carries an umbrella, dad?"

—No, why?"

—Because it can't walk."

W. N. F. 1935

## Sanctuary For Musk-Ox

Government Takes Steps To Preserve This Big Game Animal

Canada has just taken an important step in the work of conserving the musk-ox by establishing a sanctuary in the valleys of the Hanbury and Thelon rivers, east of Great Slave Lake in the Northwest Territories.

Why should Canada care for the musk-ox? Because it is one of the most wonderful and most potentially useful of all our big game animals. Canada's effort to save it is not dictated by sentimentalism but by business prudence. The Dominion Government must care for the big game for the sake of the Indian and Eskimo inhabitants, both from humanitarian motives and as a means of maintaining a vigorous native population, without which the development of the various resources of the north would be impossible. The Northwest has important big game animals other than the musk-ox but the characteristics of the latter are such as to make it exceedingly valuable. It is a big, strong animal, exceptionally free from disease, which can defend itself against all enemies except man armed with high-powered rifles; its flesh and pelts are excellent and its quiet habits give grounds for the belief that it can be readily domesticated. The massive body, intense vitality, and thick coat of woolly fur give the musk-ox complete protection against the storms and cold of the Arctic winter as well as the heat and insects of the Arctic summer, and these qualities, together with its habit of passing away the snow and getting at the herbage beneath, render unnecessary the usual annual migrations which lay open other big game animals to the attacks of their enemies. In a word the Arctic is the place where the musk-ox has thrived for hundreds of years and where it will continue to thrive if given protection from new enemies. It is thus peculiarly the big game animal of the Canadian Arctic.

### A Modern Commodity

Soap As We Know It Was Not Used Short Time Ago

The present generation can hardly conceive a time when there was no such thing as soap. Yet it is only comparatively recently that soap has been so largely manufactured.

Until the discovery of soap as we know it, the best cleansing agent was fuller's earth, the absorbent, properties of which enables it to remove greasy and oily matter from most fabrics.

Another means of cleansing was the soap berry, the fruit of a plant which lathered freely on rubbing with water. Another was the root of a plant known as soapwort, the lathering properties of which were due to the presence of a substance called saponin, which is also found in the horse chestnut.

It is by using a natural substitute for soap that the crofters of the Scotch Highlands succeed in keeping their blankets soft and white for many generations.

### To "Take French Leave"

Expression Originated With A Social Fad In France

To take French leave is to take leave without permission. It means leaving a person or place without bidding good-by to anyone. The expression originated with an Eighteenth Century social fad in France. The custom also had some vogue in England, chiefly among the imitators of Paris. According to the fad referred to a person leaving early would quietly withdraw without saying a word to anybody. The French saw certain advantages in the new custom. They maintained that just because one person wanted to leave early was no excuse for his disturbing the entire company.

But the conservative English society people thought the French fad was altogether to the host. They jeeringly branded the practice "take French leave."

### Obscured His Vision

As he pushed his ladder down the street a sharp-eyed window cleaner noticed the windows of a certain house were very dirty.

"Would you like the windows cleaned, sir?" he asked a gentleman who was industriously mowing the lawn.

"The other fellow cleaned over the top of his spectacles."

"No," he snapped. "They do not require cleaning."

The window cleaner sighed regretfully, and asked softly:

"May I give your spectacles a wipe over, sir?"

A microscope which gives a magnifying power of 3,500 and will show the interior organs of a microbe, recently was exhibited to the Royal Society in London.

## Ginseng Root

Wild Canadian Ginseng Root Is Highly Prized By The Chinese

The ginseng root found in China and also in Ontario and other parts of Canada is held in very high esteem by the Chinese, and those who are fortunate enough to be able to gather it in Canadian woodlands are at once assured of a market at an excellent price. It is held to have wonderful restorative and tonic properties and for centuries has been considered as the basic remedy of the Chinese materia medica.

The shape of the roots is most important; ginseng derives its name from the Chinese word "jen" meaning "men" and the forked roots with side shoots for arms most closely resemble the human being are attributed to have the greatest medicinal value. To illustrate the importance with which the Chinese clothe the shape of the precious roots one of the Canadian Trade Commissioners in China writes that a drug store in the city of Chetoo which recently had the good fortune to have live ounces of this highly prized remedy in stock got out photographs of the roots which were posted in various parts of the city where they were most likely to meet the gaze of prospective purchasers and enable them to see for themselves in advance how unique and valuable in "conformation" were the stocks in question.

The native Chinese ginseng is said as a rule to yield the greatest number of "man-ginseng" roots; certain localities prefer to have them very much wrinkled. Ginseng roots grow in the wild state in Canada frequently possess these desirable attributes: the cultivated root while less highly prized is nevertheless marketable at a slightly lower price. The gathering of the wild roots in Canada or the cultivation of ginseng may always be looked on as profitable, says the Natural Resources Intelligence Service of the Department of the Interior at Ottawa, because of the certain market which exists in the Far East, where the tea brewed from ginseng has been the standby in case of illness throughout the centuries.

### Moslem Ruler Has Typewriter

Means Another Landmark In Progress Of Arabia

The Governor of Fez, Pasha Bouchara of Baghdad, has acquired a typewriter. This may seem an inconceivable incident, but it is, in fact, freighted with much significance, as another landmark in Arab progress. Last year, it may be recalled, an automobile was given to him. At first he vehemently declared that he never would enter that "cage of Satan," though afterwards he made much use of it and got great pleasure from it. Now he accepts without a demur a typewriter, perhaps the more readily because General Chamberlain, the diplomatic French officer who played it before him in Arabic the words: "God bless our lord the Pasha."

### Island Replaces Mountain

From Chile comes the report of a strange geological occurrence. A thickly wooded hill north of the Claro River has vanished. Dwellers in the locality heard a loud report like an earthquake, and many saw the whole forest being swallowed up by the earth in a hoof-shaped chasm, 1,200 yards long. Then, to their further amazement, they saw the river bed rising into an island 200 feet long and 90 feet wide was formed.

"So you girls are going to camp out. You'll find the cooking and washing up very lonesome."

"Oh, we're going to take mother along to cook. She needs a vacation."

## Women In Public Positions

Rapidly Taking Their Place With Men In Business

In the days of Confederation women's sphere was mainly in the home, but now women find a place in practically all trades and professions, besides taking an active part in municipal, provincial and federal affairs. One woman, Miss Agnes McPhail, has occupied a seat in the House of Commons for the past six years.

Sixty years ago the teaching profession was largely in the hands of men, for the most part poorly equipped for their work and sadly underpaid. Now, especially in the public schools, teaching is almost exclusively done by women, there being 19,975 women teachers in Canada as against 11,912 men. In many cases women have discarded their aprons and donned overalls. There is one woman mining engineer in the Dominion, twenty-one electrical engineers, and six civil engineers. So far, no woman blacksmith or veterinary surgeon are recorded, but there are women painters, hattermakers, engine builders, carpenters, etc. The census shows 587 women barbers and hairdressers, three bookbinders, thirty-four boot and shoe repairers, two garage keepers, and three chauffeurs. Seven earn their living logging and in fishing, one is a cemetery-keeper and grave digger, another an auctioneer.

In certain industries women find employment to a predominating degree. Textiles absorb a vast amount of female labor, over 57,000 women being employed in textile factories, while 41,211 are engaged in manufacturing textile goods and wearing apparel, of which 16,912 are dress-makers, 5,202 milliners, and 2,210 tailors—Regina Post.

### France Once Forbid

Acts Of Beautifying Witchcraft

Royal Edict In 1770 Denounced It As Witchcraft

Those Western States which have chosen to secure by law the rights of women to practice the arts of fashion and the toilette to enhance their attractiveness can scarcely claim even the excuse of originality. In fact, they are merely following the example of France, at a very long distance. Thus there is still animosity in force in France a royal edict in 1770 to this effect:

"Whoever shall allure into the marriage bond any subject of his Majesty through the use of powder or rouge, or perfume, or false hair, or iron combs, or hoop skirts, or high-heeled shoes, or panted shoes, will be prosecuted for witchcraft and the marriage will be declared null and void."

If this edict were to be enforced today—but, as the old song ran, there are things "twice better not to dwell on."

Customer: "What is your pinch?"

New Clerk: "Ten cents a bunch."

Customer: "And what is your celery?"

New Clerk: "Seven dollars a week."

He—I hear Smith accidentally shot himself while looking down a gun-barrel.

She—Will he recover.

He—I think so, but he will never look the same way again.

North—"We're saving for a rainy day."

West—"What make of car do you plan to buy?"

## Feeding Of Swine

The Influence Of Feeding Methods On Type In Hogs

An experiment was recently undertaken at the Fredericton, New Brunswick, Experimental Station with the object of securing data on the influence of feeding methods on type in hogs. The pigs used in the experiment were divided into three lots. One lot was hopped-fed with access to all the feed they could consume, another lot was half-fed, receiving all they could clean up, while the third lot was half-fed, receiving a daily ration, about one-half that of the hopped-fed group, until the finishing period when they were put on a full ration. The results of the experiment tend to show that the self-feeder or hopped method of feeding from a trough to slaughter is not a practical method where the production of select bacon hogs is the objective. If used, the self-feeder or hopped method should be confined to the short finishing period. It was also shown that a too scant ration in the early stages, up to four and a half months, tends to stunt development. Extremes in feeding, either very heavy or very light feeding, during the first four or five months, are undesirable.

### Making Fruit Jam

Pointers For Preserving Of Fruits and Vegetables In The Home

For home-made fruit jam it is always best to select fresh, slightly under-ripe fruit. At least one half of the quantity should be slightly under-ripe in order to insure a sufficient amount of pectin to give a jelly-like consistency to the finished product. A new bulletin of the Dominion Department of Agriculture, on Preserving Fruits and Vegetables in the Home, gives full instructions for making all kinds of jams. It is pointed out that cooking in small quantities is always advisable, as the fruit is cooked more rapidly and thus retains its color and flavor. Jam should always be cooked in a porcelain-lined vessel and stirred constantly with a wooden spoon or mangle to prevent scorching. A pound of sugar to a pound of fruit is the handy proportion long used, but very good results are obtained from using three-fourths of a pound of sugar to each pound of fruit. The bulletin contains recipes, not only for fruit jams, but for jellies, marmalades, fruit peel, pickles, etc.

### Photographing A Bear

Kodak Man Confesses To A Thrill When Charged By A Kodiak

The first of the Kodak bear expeditions have returned south again. The Kodak bear, roaming the long peninsula jutting into the Pacific from continental Alaska is said to be the largest in the world and, according to Fred Wolcott, radio and motion picture man with the party, the animals look big enough to battle a tank.

"If you want a thrill just stand up in front of one of those charging, roaring Kodiak bears with a camera," advises Wolcott. "The most thrilling part of it is the knowledge that half a dozen big game hunters are behind you drawing a bead on the big fellow, but you don't think of that when you're in a fix such as I've described."

Judge (seriously) — And why had you been drinking?

Motorist (meekly) — Please, your honor, the doctor told me my blood was getting watered, and I put in a little alcohol to keep it from freezing.

When a sculptor makes a cast he is either fishing for fame or money.

## One City's Record

Over 500 Killed In New York By Autos In Six Months

As in the last six months 511 people had been murdered in this city, it would be conceded that society was in a state of collapse.

If the six months showed that 511 people had been killed by subways the entire country would be shocked at the record.

If during these months as many as 511 people had been killed by falling brick or timber where construction is in progress, special legislation would be passed at once to meet the grave peril.

But since the 511 people killed in New York City during the last six months were killed by automobiles, we take it lightly as something to be expected. And, of course, nothing new will be tried to put an end to the slaughter.

Killing by automobiles has come to be privileged, and it is considered rather bad taste to discuss it.

One fact stands out in the report of the Street Safety Committee of the New York Automobile Club and that is that commercial vehicles numbered 131,426 killed within forty-seven of as many people as the passenger cars which number 600,854. This means, as the report says, that "the motor trucks are being operated more recklessly and with less consideration for the rights of pedestrians than any other vehicle driver."

Isn't it about time to take these reckless drivers of powerful trucks in hand?

### An Enemy Of Mosquitoes

Damselfly Offers Some Relief From Pest Annoying To Scientists

There is another ray of hope for post-ridden vacationists and verandah resorters. The biters may be bitten. These scientists who furnish the newspapers with their interesting prophecies say a damselfly may rescue us from mosquitoes—a damselfly. "This year has considerably encouraged" mosquitoes. It was damp, and skirts have got shorter. The wet weather also brought a large number of damselflies, the natural enemy of mosquitoes. It is a reddish-brown, double-winged insect, much like a small dragon fly in appearance.

The damselfly lives along the mosquito lives, and lays its eggs on grass stems in the vicinity of water. When the eggs hatch the larvae fall into the water, where they grow, and while in this state they live on the larvae of mosquitoes, according to H. A. MacGregor, of this department of Agriculture in appearance. Alberta. Although the damselfly is responsible for some relief from the mosquito pest, it is considered unlikely they will overcome it, because the mosquitoes, particularly in the north, are very numerous, and it would take millions of damselflies to adequately stamp them out.

### His First Lesson

Britain's Greatest Living Musician Helped By House Painter

Sir Edward Elgar, Britain's greatest living musician, received his first music lesson from a house painter! He was born in a cottage in the country at Upper Broadheath, Worcester, and one day when he was five the house was being decorated. Young Edward sought refuge in the garden. One of the painters noticed that he was very earnestly covering a piece of paper with pencil marks, and on closer enquiry found that the marks were meant for notes of music. But the boy had drawn only four lines to his state. The painter was able to put him right. Perhaps, but for that lesson, we might never have had "Land of Hope and Glory."

### Wanted An Easy Job

So you want a job on the railway, do you?" asked the man seated behind the big office desk.

"Yes, sir," answered the applicant, a rather frail-looking person.

"What kind of work?"

"The other best position."

"Well, sir," he began, "I'm not over-strong, but I think I could walk round with a man who taps the carriage wheels to see whether they are in order and help him to listen."

She—"I must return the ring you gave me. I can't marry you, I love another."

He—"What's big noise?"

She—"Do you mean to kill him?"

He—"No. I want to see if he will buy the ring from me."

"Did your car come fully equipped?"

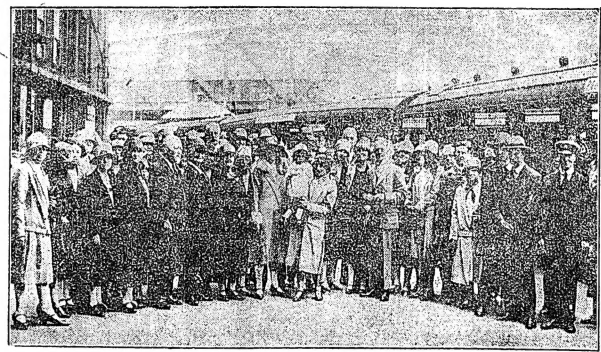
"No, I furnished the girl!"

And if the worm does turn, what does it benefit him?

First love breaks hearts and second love mends them.

### British Teachers in Canada

Sailing from Liverpool for Canada on Canadian Pacific steamer Metagama, a party of 160 British teachers arrived to attend the conference of the World Federation of Education Associations at Toronto in August. Following the convention they will visit various parts of Canada, while a large number of them will take in the high lights of Canadian scenery and places of interest.







## The Best in Meats

They have quality, they are tender, they are fresh, but not too fresh, they are properly prepared, they are out and sold in a cleanly manner, they are delicious, wholesome and pleasing to serve. Do you want a ROAST that will be juicy and tender when hot, that will slice up nicely when cold? VEAL, LAMB, BEEF PORK—the best of each. We know all about the meat we sell, and we won't sell it unless it's the best in the market.

Cornd Beef, Smoked Fish and Meats, Cheese, Lard, Etc. Fresh Fish on Fridays.

## Chinook & Youngstown Meat Markets

FOR SALE—7 h.p. Judson engine, in good condition. One 14 inch Grain Crusher, new this spring. Price for both engine and crusher \$150 cash. Ethan Hagey, Kinmundy.

FOR SALE—10-20 Titan Tractor in good condition. Will sell cheap for cash or trade for horses. H. T. Lensgraf, Chinook.

FOR SALE—A quantity of steel oil drums, suitable for water or kerosene, etc. Price \$3.00 each while they last. Cooley Bros., Chinook

FOR SALE—A quantity of Bricks different grades and different prices. See Mr. Mickle, Imperial Lumber Yards, Chinook. J. R. Miller.

## THE COW

Is the Best Investment a Farmer Can Make. A Good Cow, given a fair chance, Will Produce 250 Pounds of Butter Fat in Nine Months, and this at a price of 30 cents per pound, Equals \$75.00 a year. What else can you invest in that will pay you 100 per cent every year? And she gets at least half of her living out of the fence corners, stubble fields and sloughs that would otherwise be a total waste.

Remember for Bigger Returns and Better Service Ship Your Cream To  
**Youngstown Creamery**  
We pay 38 cents for best quality.  
Phone 16 Youngstown, Alta. Box 137

## WEDDING BELLS SLOAN—CHASE

The marriage took place on Saturday, August 27th, of Miss Dorothy Maxine Chase, of Heathdale, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Chase, of Vancouver, to Mr. Robert D. Sloan, of Ashmont, Alberta. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. H. S. McDonald.

## 150 Quarts Of Raspberries

Several farmers in this district have been very successful in growing small fruits this year. Among those who have met with real success in growing raspberries is A. C. Anderson, of Coltholme. In the spring of 1924 he planted a few raspberry bushes and this year he picked 150 quarts of raspberries. The fruit is of excellent quality, and a sample exhibited at the Chinook fair won first prize.

## At the Elevators

(Prices Paid Yesterday)		
Wheat		
1 Northern	1.27	
2 Northern	1.24	
3 Northern	1.12	
Oats		
2 C. W.	.45	
3 C. W.	.41	
No. 1 Feed	.39	
Rye		
2 C. W.	.71	
3 C. W.	.67	
Flax		
1 N. W.	1.65	
2 C. W.	1.60	
Rejected	1.40	

**Walter M. Crockett,**  
LL. B.,  
Barrister Solicitor,  
Notary Public  
Youngstown Alberta

## District Builders Organization For Chinook District

Several farmers in the Chinook district have expressed a desire that an organization such as the District Builders should be formulated. This is not a new organization as several towns along the Goose Lake line have already established such a society. It is a committee formed by getting together all existing local organizations such as the Agricultural Society, United Farmers, Board of Trade, Women's Institute, etc., to consider the betterment of the whole district both town and country. The advantage of a District Builders Association is that it shows the district and the outside world that there are successful men and women in the community. This encourages good settlers to come into the district.

It is vitally important not only to the farmer and holders of farm land, but to the business men in the town, and we are sure such an organization would be of benefit to Chinook and district.

It only needs a few people who are interested in the welfare of the district to get together and arrange for a meeting for the purpose of organizing, and many will turn out. Who will start the ball rolling?

## Chautauqua To Visit Chinook In November

The local committee has received word that the Chautauqua will be at Chinook on November 24-25-26-28. There is planned a splendid and well-balanced program for the four days at Chinook consisting of two plays, lectures, entertainers, and Negro Singers—direct from the Southland. Every one of the six programs will be pleasing and instructive.

## Eighth Government Crop Report

Issued by Department of Agriculture Government of Alberta, Edmonton. August 27, 1927.

The whole province gives promise of an excellent crop with high average yield of all kinds of grain. Late seeding, with abundant moisture in the early part of the season, is responsible for the somewhat late ripening of the general crop. The warm sunshine we have had this week is ripening the crops with great rapidity. The earlier varieties of wheat, particularly that sown on lighter land, are now mature and a considerable amount of cutting of this grain has already been done. Cutting will not be general, however, until the first week in September.

A careful check-up of the frost situation shows that there has been no frost damage except in the extreme northeastern section of the province. In some isolated districts in this area frost struck rather heavily. Except in the above area the province is entirely free from frost damage. Hail damage has been more prevalent than usual with the result that damage from this source will be slightly greater than average. Rust has made an appearance in a few sections. The damage from this source, however, is negligible.

Notwithstanding the losses caused by the above mentioned agencies, if no further serious losses occur, we are convinced that the province will have the largest total yield of wheat in its history. A particularly significant feature this year is to be found in the fact that there is a uniformly good crop in every section of the province.

Large numbers of harvesters are now arriving, and it is not anticipated that any shortage of help will occur.

## Dr. J. ESLER

Physician and Surgeon, Cereal  
Will be at the  
Chinook Hotel every Tuesday  
and Friday

## Mattresses - Bedsprings - Couches

You spend one-third of your life in bed. For comfort and rest sleep on Parkhill Beds and Mattresses. Even a night owl couldn't stay awake on these Beds, Springs and Mattresses.

Come in and see our new stock.

## Banner Hardware

Chinook, Alta.



Crocus Lodge, No. 115, G.R.A.  
A. F. & A. M.

Meets at 8 p.m. the Wednesday or after the full moon.  
Visiting brethren cordially welcomed.

J. W. LAWRENCE,  
W. M.  
R. V. LAWRENCE,  
Secretary

## Motor Truck Delivery

Prompt Service and prices reasonable.  
**M. L. CHAPMAN**  
Chinook, Alta.

## W. W. Isbister General Blacksmith

Coulters and Dies Sharpened  
Horse shoeing and General  
Wood Work Repairing.

We guarantee our work.

CHINOOK - ALTA.

## King Restaurant

Meals at all Hours.

Our restaurant has been thoroughly renovated, and new booths installed.  
All kinds of Tobaccos, Soft Drinks and Candies. ICE-CREAM.  
CHINOOK - ALTA.

## Build Your Garage

## And Granaries Now

Don't wait until harvest when you will be too busy. You can build them now more satisfactory and more substantial while you have the time. Let us tell you what different size granaries will cost you.

## Don't Leave Your Auto Outside

It's an investment the same as your other equipment. Now that you have it, take care of it. PUT UP A GARAGE, not expensive, but in keeping with other buildings. Our LUMBER is under cover, and of course dry.

## Imperial Lumber Yards, Ltd.,

CHINOOK PHONE 12

for Economical Transportation



See **THE GREATEST Value** IN CHEVROLET HISTORY



QUALITY has always come first with Chevrolet. And never before has the Chevrolet insistence upon quality been so strikingly exemplified as now!

Improvement where improvement was possible! Refinement where refinement could be made! Grace and beauty added to the Chevrolet quality of rugged endurance! Chevrolet has left no stone unturned in the building up of Chevrolet QUALITY... quality which has won Chevrolet the greatest automobile sales volume in the world today.

And, Chevrolet has used its popularity, its huge production, its vast resources, to effect substantial savings in purchasing and manufacturing costs—and Chevrolet is sharing these savings with the buyer, in the form of new and lower prices.

Come in today. Learn that the Most Amazing Quality and the Lowest Prices in Chevrolet History constitute the greatest Value that even Chevrolet has ever offered.

## New and Lower Prices

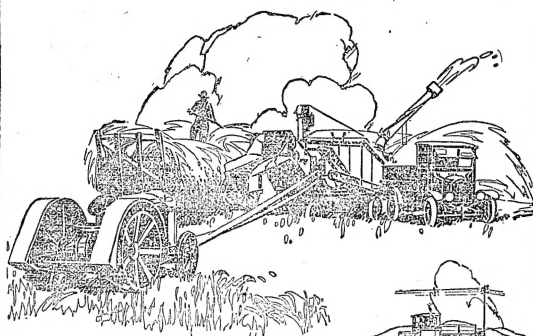
Touring	5645	Sedan	5850
Roadster	645	Landau Sedan	915
Sport Roadster	720	Imperial Landau Sedan	995
Coupe	765	1-Ton Truck Chassis	635
Cabriolet	875	Roadster Delivery	645
Coach	750	Commercial Chassis	485

Prices at Factory, Oshawa, Ontario—Taxes Extra

**CARL V. JOHNSON**  
CEREAL, ALBERTA.

THE MOST AMAZING Quality IN CHEVROLET HISTORY

## Increase the Profit On Every Bushel



Every time one man does the work of two, you save one man's wages.

With a Fordson threshing "rig", costing less than \$2000 for tractor, separator and bale complete, you can thresh 700 to 1100 bushels of wheat in ten hours with about half the man power larger rigs require. And with a home-made hopper to store the grain between trips, one man with a Ford grain truck can move the grain to the elevator 4 or 5 miles distant as fast as it is threshed. In threshing the season's grain crop, this amounts to a substantial saving and adds to the profit on every bushel raised.

Investigate the low cost and labor-saving possibilities of Fordson Tractor and Ford truck equipment. One of Canada's 20,000 Fordson owners must live near you. Ask him if he would farm without his Fordson.

Our new folder "Things You Should Know Before You Buy Your Tractor" will interest you. Ask for a copy.

**Ford**

CARS • TRUCKS • TRACTORS

**Cooley Brothers,**  
Ford Dealers  
Chinook